

E-INVOICE SPECIFIC GUIDELINE INLAND REVENUE BOARD OF MALAYSIA

This guideline is issued under section 134A of the Income Tax Act 1967

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SUMMARY OF CHANGES

This e-Invoice Specific Guideline (Version 2.1) replaces the e-Invoice Specific Guideline (Version 2.0) issued on 9 February 2024. The key changes made to this Guideline are summarised in the table below:

Paragraph in	oh in Changes In This Specific Guideline (Version 2.1)		
e-Invoice Specific Guideline (Version 2.0)	Paragraph	Item	Reference
-	3.5.6 3.6.4	New	Clarification
3.5.6 3.6.4	3.5.7 3.6.5	Rephrased	Clarification
4.2.1 4.2.2 4.2.7	4.2.1 4.2.2 4.2.7	Rephrased	Clarification
8.2 8.3	8.2 8.3	Rephrased	Clarification
-	8.5 8.6 8.7	New	Clarification
-	9.4.4	New	Clarification
10.4.7 10.4.8 10.4.9	10.4.7 10.4.8 10.4.9	Rephrased	Clarification
-	10.5.4	New	Clarification
13.2 13.3	13.2 13.3	Rephrased	Clarification
-	13.4	New	Clarification
14.4.2	14.4.2	Rephrased	Clarification

Paragraph in	Changes In This Specific Guideline (Version 2.1)		
e-Invoice Specific Guideline (Version 2.0)	Paragraph	ltem	Reference
Table 3.3 Table 3.4 Table 4.1 Table 4.2 Table 8.2 Table 9.1 Table 10.1 Table 10.2 Table 11.1 Table 12.1 Table 14.1 Table 14.2	Table 3.4 Table 3.5 Table 4.1 Table 4.2 Table 8.2 Table 9.1 Table 10.1 Table 10.2 Table 11.1 Table 12.1 Table 14.1 Table 14.2	Rephrased	Clarification
	Example 3 Example 4	Rephrased	Clarification
-	Example 6 Example 13 Example 14 Example 15 Example 16	New	Clarification
Figure 3.2 Figure 3.3 Figure 3.7 Figure 4.1 Figure 9.2 Figure 10.2	Figure 3.2 Figure 3.3 Figure 3.7 Figure 4.1 Figure 9.2 Figure 10.2	Updated the diagram	Editorial Change
Appendix 1 Appendix 2	Appendix 1 Appendix 2	Rephrased	Clarification

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 Inland Revenue Board of Malaysia (IRBM) has issued the e-Invoice Guideline on 21 July 2023.
- 1.2 The e-Invoice Guideline addresses the scope of implementation of e-Invoice, covering the concept of e-Invoice and step-by-step guidance on the e-Invoice workflow.
- 1.3 IRBM acknowledged the need to provide further guidance on specific areas of e-Invoice, to aid taxpayers in gaining a better understanding of certain e-Invoice treatment and ultimately, to successfully implement e-Invoice.

2. OBJECTIVE

This Specific Guideline is to provide further guidance on the issuance of e-Invoice relating to the following areas:

- i. Transactions with Buyers
- ii. Statements/ Bills on a periodic basis
- iii. Disbursement and reimbursement
- iv. Employment perquisites and benefits
- v. Certain expenses incurred by employee on behalf of the employer
- vi. Self-billed e-Invoice
- vii. Transactions which involve payments (whether in monetary form or otherwise) to agents, dealers or distributors
- viii. Cross-border transactions
- ix. Profit distribution (e.g., dividend distribution)
- x. Foreign income
- xi. Currency exchange rate
- xii. E-commerce transactions

3. TRANSACTIONS WITH BUYERS

- 3.1 Currently, businesses (Suppliers) will issue a receipt/ bill/ invoice in hardcopy and/or softcopy (e.g., via e-mail) to consumers (Buyers) to record a transaction (e.g., sale of products or provision of services to Buyers for personal consumption).
- 3.2 Upon implementation of e-Invoice, Suppliers are required to issue e-Invoice for all of its transactions. However, certain Buyers, particularly end consumers and certain businesses, may not require an e-Invoice as proof of expense.
- 3.3 To assist the Suppliers in complying with e-Invoice requirements and to reduce the burden to both Suppliers and Buyers, the IRBM allows the Suppliers to consolidate the transactions with Buyers (who do not require an e-Invoice) into a consolidated e-Invoice on a monthly basis.
- 3.4 Figure 3.1 provides an overview of invoicing process.

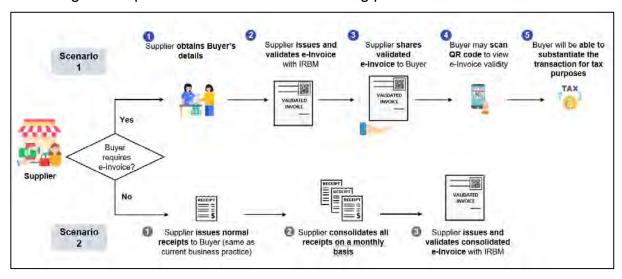


Figure 3.1 – Overview of invoicing process

3.5 Scenario 1: Where the Buyer requires an e-Invoice

- 3.5.1 In relation to a particular transaction, Buyer that requires an e-Invoice would need to make a request by informing the Supplier accordingly.
- 3.5.2 Upon receiving the request from the Buyer for an e-Invoice, Supplier obtains the Buyer's details (refer Table 3.1 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline for further details) required for the issuance of e-Invoice.
- 3.5.3 In summary, the steps involved for issuance of an e-Invoice to Buyer are as follows:
 - **Step 1:** Supplier seek confirmation from Buyer if an e-Invoice is required.
 - Step 2: If the Buyer confirmed that he/ she requires an e-Invoice, the Buyer is required to furnish the Supplier with the required information to facilitate the issuance of e-Invoice (refer Table 3.1 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline for further details).
 - **Step 3:** The Supplier is required to complete the remaining required fields as outlined in Appendices 1 and 2 of e-Invoice Guideline and proceed to issue an e-Invoice.

The process of issuing an e-Invoice is similar to the e-Invoice workflow as discussed in Section 2.3 (e-Invoice model via MyInvois Portal) and Section 2.4 (e-Invoice model via API) of the e-Invoice Guideline.

Step 4: The validated e-Invoice can be used as the Buyer's proof of expense, to substantiate a particular transaction for tax purposes.

3.5.4 In facilitating a more efficient e-Invoice issuance process as well as to ease the burden of individuals in providing their Tax Identification Number (TIN) and identification number details, IRBM provides the following concession to individuals:

(a) For Malaysian individuals to provide either:

- i. TIN;
- ii. MyKad/ MyTentera identification number; or
- iii. Both TIN and MyKad/ MyTentera identification number.

(b) For non-Malaysian individuals to provide either:

- i. TIN; or
- ii. Both TIN and passport number/ MyPR/ MyKAS identification number.

For clarity, (b)(i) refers to the TIN assigned by IRBM. In the event that the non-Malaysian individual does not have a TIN, Supplier may use the general TIN (as listed in Appendix 1 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline), along with the passport number/MyPR/ MyKAS identification number of the said individual.

3.5.5 In summary, the details to be provided by the individual Buyers for the issuance of e-Invoice are as follows:

No	Data field	Details to be included by Supplier in e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
1	Buyer's Name	Name of individual Buyer	For Malaysian individuals: Full name as per MyKad/ MyTentera For non-Malaysian individuals: Full name as per passport/ MyPR/ MyKAS
2	Buyer's TIN	TIN of individual Buyer	 For Malaysian individuals i. Option 1: TIN only ii. Option 2: MyKad/ MyTentera identification number only iii. Option 3: Both TIN and MyKad/ MyTentera identification number For non-Malaysian individuals i. Option 1: TIN only
3	Buyer's Registration/ Identification Number/ Passport Number	Details of registration/ identification number/ passport number	ii. Option 2: Both TIN and passport number/ MyPR/ MyKAS identification number For clarity, (i) refers to the TIN assigned by IRBM. In the event that the non-Malaysian individual does not have a TIN, Supplier may use the general TIN (as listed in Appendix 1 of this e-Invoice

No	Data field	Details to be included by Supplier in e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
			Specific Guideline), along with the passport/ MyPR/ MyKAS identification number of the said individual.
4	Buyer's Address	Address of individual Buyer	Individual Buyer is required to provide residential address
5	Buyer's Contact Number	Telephone number of individual Buyer	Individual Buyer is required to provide a contact number
6	Buyer's SST Registration Number	SST registration number of individual Buyer	Where applicable, individual Buyer to provide SST registration number If individual Buyer is not registered for SST, Supplier to input "NA"

Table 3.1 – Individual Buyer's details to be provided to Supplier

3.5.6 The details to be provided by the individual Shipping Recipient for the issuance of Annexure to the e-Invoice are as follows:

No	Data field	Details to be	Additional Remarks
		included by	
		Supplier in	
		Annexure to the	
		e-Invoice	
1	Shipping	Name of individual	For Malaysian individuals
	Recipient's	Shipping Recipient	Full name as per MyKad /
	Name		MyTentera
			For non-Malaysian individuals
			Full name as per passport / MyPR
			/ MyKAS
2	Shipping	Address of	Individual Shipping Recipient is
_	Recipient's	individual Shipping	required to provide residential
	Address	Recipient	address
	/ taurooc	rtooipioni	adaioso
3	Shipping	TIN of individual	For Malaysian individuals
	Recipient's TIN	Shipping Recipient	Option 1: TIN only
			Option 2: MyKad / MyTentera
			identification number only
			Option 3: Both TIN and MyKad /
4	Chinning	Details of	MyTentera identification number
4	Shipping		For non Molovojan individuale
	Recipient's	registration /	For non-Malaysian individuals
	Registration /	identification	Option 1: TIN only
	Identification	number / passport	Option 2: Both TIN and passport
	Number /	number	number / MyPR / MyKAS
	Passport		identification number
	Number		For clarity, (i) refers to the TIN

No	Data field	Details to be included by Supplier in Annexure to the e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
			assigned by IRBM. In the event that the non-Malaysian individual does not have a TIN, Supplier may use the general TIN (as listed in Appendix 1 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline), along with the passport / MyPR / MyKAS identification number of the said individual.

Table 3.2 – Individual Shipping Recipient's details to be provided to Supplier

3.5.7 In the event the individual Buyer and/or individual Shipping Recipient (where applicable) provides either TIN or MyKad/MyTentera identification number (instead of both), the Supplier should input the following details for e-Invoice purposes:

No	Option	Data field	Details to be included by
			Supplier in e-Invoice
1	Option 1 (for	Buyer's / Shipping	Supplier to input the TIN as
'	, ,		
	Malaysian and	Recipient's TIN	provided by individual Buyer /
	non-Malaysian		individual Shipping Recipient
	individuals),		
	where the		

No	Option	Data field	Details to be included by
			Supplier in e-Invoice
	individual Buyer / individual Shipping Recipient only provides TIN	Buyer's / Shipping Recipient's Registration / Identification Number / Passport Number	Supplier to input "0000000000" in the e-Invoice
2	Option 2 (for Malaysian individuals), where the individual Buyer / individual	Buyer's / Shipping Recipient's TIN	Supplier to input "El0000000010" in the e-Invoice
	Shipping Recipient only provides MyKad / MyTentera identification number	Buyer's / Shipping Recipient's Registration / Identification Number / Passport Number	Supplier to input MyKad/ MyTentera identification number provided by the individual Buyer / individual Shipping Recipient

Table 3.3 – Details of TIN and identification number/ passport number to be included by Supplier for issuance of e-Invoice to individual Buyer / individual Shipping Recipient

Example 1

Mr. Soo (Buyer) spent RM2,500 to buy a smartphone from Global Telco Sdn Bhd (Supplier) and has requested for an e-Invoice to be issued.

Global Telco Sdn Bhd has requested for Mr. Soo's personal details to proceed with the issuance of e-Invoice. Mr. Soo has provided all the details required (including his MyKad identification number), except his TIN. Global Telco Sdn Bhd is still able to issue an e-Invoice to Mr. Soo despite Mr. Soo's TIN has not been provided.

Upon receiving the validated e-Invoice, Mr. Soo will be able to use the validated e-Invoice as a proof of expense to substantiate for tax purposes.

Figure 3.2 illustrates an example of validated e-Invoice in PDF format issued by Global Telco Sdn Bhd to Mr. Soo.



Figure 3.2 – Example of e-Invoice in PDF format (Buyer's TIN not provided)

Note: The above example is for illustration purposes only and are subject to changes.

3.6 Scenario 2: Where the Buyer does not require an e-Invoice

- 3.6.1 Where the Buyer does not require an e-Invoice, the Supplier will issue a normal receipt to the Buyer (same as current business practice). However, such receipt would not be required to be submitted for IRBM's validation as this document is not e-Invoice.
- 3.6.2 Supplier will be allowed to aggregate transactions with Buyers who do not require an e-Invoice on a monthly basis and submit a consolidated e-Invoice to IRBM, within seven (7) calendar days after the month end.
- 3.6.3 For consolidated e-Invoices, the IRBM allows the Suppliers to adopt one (or a combination) of the following methods:
 - (a) The summary of each receipt is presented as separate line items in the consolidated e-Invoice (refer Figure 3.7 of Example 4)
 - (b) The list of receipts (in a continuous receipt number) is presented as line items (i.e., where there is a break of the receipt number chain, the next chain shall be included as a new line item) (refer to Figure 3.3 of Example 2).
 - (c) Branch(es) or location(s) to submit consolidated e-Invoice, adopting either (a) or (b) above for the receipts issued by the branch(es) or location(s).
- 3.6.4 In order to improve the performance of the Mylnvois System, the following limitations have been put in place:
 - (a) maximum size of 5MB per submission;
 - (b) maximum of 100 e-Invoices per submission; and
 - (c) maximum size of 300KB per e-Invoice.

As such, Suppliers are allowed to split the receipts into several consolidated e-Invoices to meet the above requirements.

- 3.6.5 Kindly note that consolidation does not apply to self-billed e-Invoice, except for the following self-billed circumstances:
 - (a) acquisition of goods or services from individual taxpayers (who are not conducting a business)
 - (b) interest payment to public at large (regardless businesses or individuals)

Example 2

Hibiscus Mart Sdn Bhd (Hibiscus Mart) is a small retail business that offers a wide range of food products and beverages via its two (2) branches located in Penang and Kuala Lumpur. The following represents the number of transactions with normal receipts issued alongside with the total sales made by each branch (with no e-Invoice issued) in October:

- (a) Penang branch: 500 transactions amounting to RM25,000
- (b) Kuala Lumpur branch: 2,000 transactions amounting to RM65,000

Within seven calendar (7) days after the end of October (i.e., by 7 November), Hibiscus Mart issues two (2) separate consolidated e-Invoice after aggregating the total sales from each branch i.e., one e-Invoice for Penang branch and another e-Invoice for Kuala Lumpur branch and its corresponding sales for each branch. Hibiscus Mart consolidated the sales by presenting each receipt number chain as separate line item. Note that Hibiscus Mart is required to include all the receipt reference numbers that made up to the total sales in "Description" field for the relevant branch.

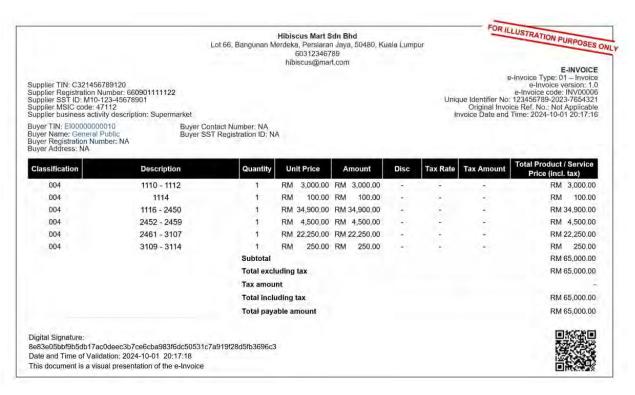


Figure 3.3 – Example of validated consolidated e-Invoice in PDF format (Kuala Lumpur branch)

Meanwhile, Cer-Mart Sdn Bhd, a competitor of Hibiscus Mart, who has four (4) branches located at the same area as Hibiscus Mart as well as in Malacca and Ipoh, has issued a consolidated e-Invoice to record its sales for the month of October. Sales made by each branch of Cer-Mart in October (with no e-Invoices issued) are outlined as follows:

- (a) Penang branch: 2,500 transactions amounting to RM75,000
- (b) Kuala Lumpur branch: 5,800 transactions amounting to RM125,000
- (c) Malacca branch: 1,300 transactions amounting to RM22,000
- (d) Ipoh branch: 1,850 transactions amounting to RM25,300

Unlike Hibiscus Mart, Cer-Mart Sdn Bhd decides to consolidate its sales revenue of each branch in separate consolidated e-Invoices by presenting each receipt as a single line item. Note that Cer-Mart

- is required to include all the receipt reference numbers that made up to the total sales in "Description" field.
- 3.6.6 In any event, if Buyers require an e-Invoice after receiving a receipt from the Supplier, the Buyer can request for an e-Invoice from the Supplier within the month of the transaction. The aforementioned timeframe allows the Supplier to have a cut-off for the receipt to be aggregated for into the consolidated e-Invoice.
- 3.6.7 Buyers are encouraged to request for an e-Invoice as soon as possible after receiving the receipt to ensure that the request will be processed by Supplier in a timely manner. Conversely, Suppliers are advised to ensure that they will be able to create and submit e-Invoice to IRBM for validation as soon as possible to ensure that the Buyers' request for e-Invoice can be fulfilled promptly.
- 3.6.8 In summary, where a Buyer does not require for an e-Invoice to be issued, the steps involved for issuance of consolidated e-Invoice are as follows:
 - **Step 1:** Supplier to seek confirmation from Buyers if e-Invoice is required.
 - **Step 2:** If Buyers confirmed that no e-Invoice is required, Supplier would continue to issue receipt to the Buyers (same as current business practice).
 - Step 3: Within seven (7) calendar days after end of the month, Supplier will retrieve the details of all the receipts that were issued for the previous month and issue a consolidated e-Invoice as proof of Supplier's income.
 - **Step 4:** The Supplier will issue the consolidated e-Invoice as per the required fields as outlined in Appendices 1 and 2 of e-Invoice Guideline.

The process of issuing a consolidated e-Invoice is similar to the e-Invoice workflow as discussed in Section 2.3 (e-Invoice model via MyInvois Portal) and Section 2.4 (e-Invoice model via API), with the following exceptions:

- i. Once the consolidated e-Invoice has been validated, IRBM will send notification to the Supplier only (i.e., no notification will be sent to Buyer as this is an e-Invoice issued to general public). Consequently, there would not be any request for rejection from Buyer.
- ii. The validated e-Invoice will serve as the Supplier's proof of income. Hence, the validated e-Invoice is not required to be shared with Buyer.
- 3.6.9 In relation to the consolidated e-Invoice, Supplier will be required to complete the required fields as outlined in Appendices 1 and 2 of the e-Invoice Guideline and complete the Buyer's details and certain transaction details using the following information:

No	Data field	Details to be included by Supplier in e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
1	Buyer's Name	Name of Buyer	Supplier to input "General Public" in the e-Invoice
2	Buyer's TIN	TIN of Buyer	Supplier to input "El00000000010" in the e-Invoice

No 3	Data field Buyer's	Details to be included by Supplier in e-Invoice	Additional Remarks Supplier to input "NA"
	Registration/ Identification Number/ Passport Number	registration/ identification number/ passport number	
4	Buyer's Address	Address of Buyer	Supplier to input " NA "
5	Buyer's Contact Number	Telephone number of Buyer	Supplier to input "NA"
6	Buyer's SST Registration Number	SST registration number of Buyer	Supplier to input "NA"
7	Description of Product/ Services	Details of products or services being billed for a transaction with Buyer	IRBM allows the Suppliers to adopt one (or a combination) of the following methods: (a) Summary of each receipt is presented as separate line items (b) List of receipts (in a continuous receipt number) is presented as line items (i.e., where there is a break of the receipt number chain, the next chain shall

No	Data field	Details to be included by Supplier in e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
			be included as a new line item) (c) Branch(es) or location(s) will submit consolidated e-Invoice, adopting either (a) or (b) above for the receipts issued by the said branch(es) or location(s) Note that for any method adopted by businesses, the receipt reference number for each transaction are required to be included under this field in the consolidated e-Invoice

Table 3.4 – Details to be included by Supplier for issuance of consolidated e-Invoice

Example 3

Wani, Lilian and Muthu (Buyers) dined at Restaurant XYZ (Supplier) on 8 July, 17 July and 21 July respectively. They did not request for an e-Invoice. As such, Restoran XYZ issued receipts to them.

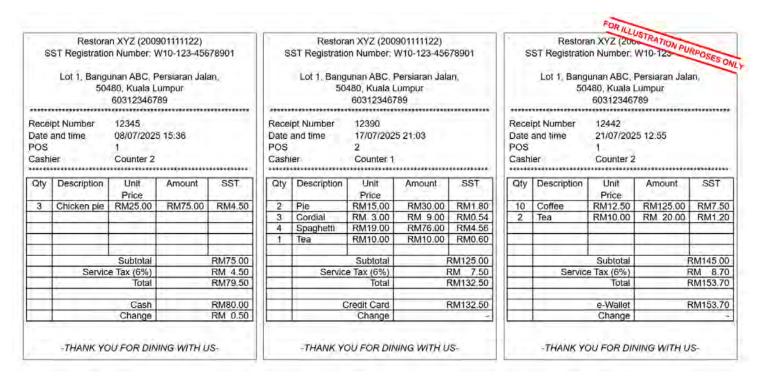


Figure 3.4 – Examples of receipts to Buyers

On 1 August 2025 (i.e., within seven (7) calendar days after the month end), Restoran XYZ aggregates all receipts for the month of July and issues a consolidated e-Invoice and transmits it to IRBM for validation.

Restoran XYZ is not required to share the validated consolidated e-Invoice with its Buyers as the consolidated e-Invoice is issued to General Public instead of specific Buyer. This is a proof of income for Restoran XYZ and its Buyers have not requested for any e-Invoice to be issued. Below is an example of the consolidated e-Invoice in XML or JSON format issued by Restoran XYZ via API. Please note that the formats below are for illustration purposes only and the actual formats are provided in the Software Development Kit (SDK).

Figure 3.5 – Example of consolidated e-Invoice in XML format

Figure 3.6 – Example of consolidated e-Invoice in JSON format

Below is an example of the consolidated e-Invoice issued by Restoran XYZ (in PDF format) upon aggregating all receipts issued, which have been submitted to and validated by IRBM:

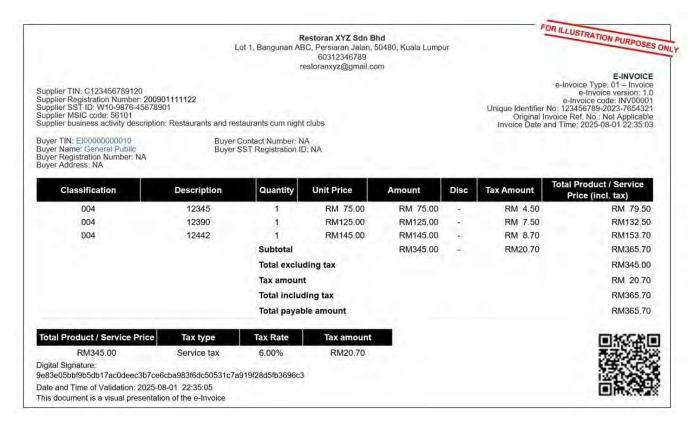


Figure 3.7 – Example of validated consolidated e-Invoice in PDF format

Note: The above example is for illustration purposes only and are subject to changes.

Example 4

Same facts as in Example 3. On 28 July 2025, Muthu (Buyer) decided to request for an e-Invoice for his meal (receipt number: 12442) on 21 July 2025.

Muthu contacted Restoran XYZ (Supplier) to enquire on how to convert his receipt to an e-Invoice. As Restoran XYZ has provided a web portal/ mobile application for this purpose, Muthu visited the web portal/ mobile application (refer Section 3.8 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline for more details) and provided his personal details (refer Table 3.1 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline) to obtain the e-Invoice.

The request on the issuance of e-Invoice should be made by Muthu latest by 31 July 2025 (i.e., within the month of the transaction).

Example 5

Wendy (Buyer) purchased badminton rackets and shuttlecocks from Hari-Hari Sukan Sdn Bhd (Supplier) on 30 September 2025. She has not requested for an e-Invoice upon check-out as she was running late for her class.

As Wendy was swarmed with errands and coursework, Wendy forgot to request for an e-Invoice from Hari-Hari Sukan Sdn Bhd's web portal on the same day of her purchase. She only requested for an e-Invoice on 1 October 2025.

In view that Wendy has not requested for an e-Invoice within the month of the transaction (i.e., latest by end of 30 September 2025), Hari-Hari Sukan Sdn Bhd may deny Wendy's request for issuance of e-Invoice for her purchase, based on the abovementioned guidance.

Since Hari-Hari Sukan Sdn Bhd has issued the consolidated e-Invoice for receipts issued in the month of September 2025, Hari-Hari Sukan Sdn Bhd rejected Wendy's request accordingly.

3.7 Certain activities that require e-Invoice to be issued for each transaction (i.e., consolidation of e-Invoice is not allowed)

- 3.7.1 For the purposes of e-Invoice, taxpayers undertaking certain activities or transactions are required to issue e-Invoice for each transaction with Buyers (refer to Table 3.4 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline for exceptions). In other words, such taxpayers will be required to obtain the Buyer's details for the issuance of e-Invoice and will not be allowed to issue consolidated e-Invoice.
- 3.7.2 Currently, the activities or transactions of industries where e-Invoice is required to be issued for each transaction are as follows:

No	Industry/ Activity	Types of activities/ transactions where consolidated e-Invoice is not allowed
1	Automotive	Sale of any motor vehicle Note that motor vehicle refers to a vehicle of any description, propelled by means of mechanism contained within itself and constructed or adapted to be capable of being used on roads, and includes a trailer
2	Aviation	Sale of flight ticketPrivate charter
3	Luxury goods and jewellery	Note that this is currently being put on hold until such time when the details are made available. Taxpayers are allowed to issue consolidated e-Invoice (in the event the buyers do not request for e-Invoice) until further notice
4	Construction	Construction contractor undertaking construction contract, as defined in the Income Tax (Construction Contracts) Regulations 2007

No	Industry/	Types of activities/ transactions where consolidated
	Activity	e-Invoice is not allowed
5	Wholesalers and retailers of construction materials	Sale of construction materials, regardless of volume sold Note that construction material is defined as any type, size and nature of material, initial, temporary, intermediate or finished whether manufactured locally or imported used for the purposes of construction industry as specified under the Fourth Schedule of Lembaga Pembangunan Industri Pembinaan Malaysia Act 1994
6	Licensed betting and gaming	Pay-out to winners for all betting and gaming activities Note that however pay-out to winners in relation to betting and gaming (i) in casino and (ii) from gaming machines are exempted from e-Invoice until further notice.
7	Payment to agents/ dealers/ distributors	Payments made to agents, dealers or distributors Pursuant to Section 83A(4) of the Income Tax Act 1967, "agent, dealer or distributor" refers to any person who is authorised by a company to act as its agent, dealer or distributor, and who receives payment (whether in monetary form or otherwise) from the company arising from sales, transactions or schemes carried out by him as an agent, dealer or distributor

Table 3.5 – Activities that require e-Invoice to be issued for each transaction and consolidated e-Invoice would not be allowed

- 3.7.3 IRBM recognises the potential challenges in getting e-Invoice to be issued to individual Buyers for the types of activities/ transactions listed in Table 3.4. In this regard, concession to individual Buyers has been provided by IRBM. Please refer to Section 3.5.4 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline for further details.
- 3.7.4 Notwithstanding the above, in relation to transactions with persons in Section 1.6.1 (a), (b), (c), (d) and (k) of the e-Invoice Guideline, Suppliers are allowed to replace the Buyer's details with the information stated in Table 3.3 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline.
- 3.7.5 In relation to transactions with persons in Section 1.6.1 (e), (f), (g), (h), (i) and (j) of the e-Invoice Guideline, Suppliers are allowed to input Buyer's TIN field with the general TIN assigned in Appendix 1 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline.
- 3.7.6 Suppliers are required to maintain supporting documents to substantiate that the said e-Invoice is related to persons mentioned in Section 1.6.1 of the e-Invoice Guideline.

3.8 Illustration of suppliers' options for e-Invoice issuance to Buyers

- 3.8.1 In facilitating the issuance of e-Invoice, there are various options for Suppliers to allow Buyers to request for e-Invoice at Buyer's convenience. The examples provided below allow Suppliers to accommodate Buyers' request for an e-Invoice immediately after the transaction or at a later date, subject to Buyers' preferences.
- 3.8.2 Note that the examples described below are suggestions provided for Suppliers' consideration. Suppliers are allowed to adopt and implement any method that are not mentioned in this section to comply with e-Invoice requirements and improve their customers' experience.

3.8.3 Figure 3.8 provides an overview of some of the methods for Suppliers to issue e-Invoice to Buyers, be it on the spot or post-transaction.

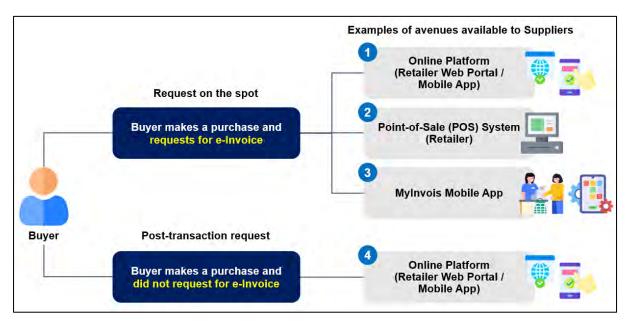


Figure 3.8 – Overview of methods for Suppliers to issue e-Invoice to Buyers

- 3.8.4 There are four (4) key scenarios to demonstrate the application of e-Invoice:
 - Online platform (Retailer Web Portal/ Mobile App): The Retailer Web Portal/ Mobile App can be integrated with the IRBM Mylnvois System to generate and validate the e-Invoice upon request.
 - 2. Retailers' Point-of-sale (POS) system: The Retailer's POS system can be integrated with the IRBM MyInvois System to generate e-Invoice in real-time. Buyers are required to provide their details (refer to Table 3.1 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline) to the Retailer (Supplier) at the point of purchase to generate the e-Invoice upon request.
 - 3. **MyInvois Mobile App**: Retailers without a Retailer App or POS system can utilise the MyInvois Mobile App to issue the

e-Invoice to Buyers upon request. Retailers (Suppliers) will have to input the details required to issue an e-Invoice.

- 4. Post-Transaction Request via Online Platform (Retailer Web Portal/ Mobile App): Buyers who did not request for an e-Invoice at the point of purchase can still request for one through the Web Portal or Mobile App developed by the Retailers (Suppliers).
- 3.8.5 The following summarises the Buyer's journey based on the examples described.

1. Online Platform (Retailer Web Portal/ Mobile App)

Figure 3.9 illustrates an example of the issuance process of e-Invoice through an online platform (Retailer Web Portal/ Mobile App).

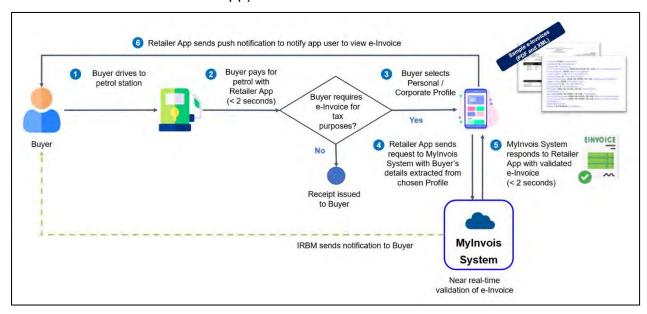


Figure 3.9 – Issuance process of e-Invoice through online platform (Retailer Web Portal / Mobile App)

Example Scenario:

The Buyer drives to a nearby petrol station to refuel their vehicle. At the station, the Buyer uses the Retailer Mobile App to conveniently pay for the desired amount of petrol and request for e-Invoice. The Retailer Mobile App allows Buyer to choose either Personal or Corporate profile, which contains the required Buyer's details for e-Invoice purposes (refer to Table 3.1 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline). Upon confirmation of the details, the Retailer Mobile App sends a request to the MyInvois System to generate e-Invoice. In less than two (2) seconds, the API validates the e-Invoice and promptly responds to the Retailer Mobile App with a validated e-Invoice.

Once the validated e-Invoice is received from IRBM, the Retailer Mobile App sends a push notification to alert the app user to view the e-Invoice within the app.

Simultaneously, IRBM notifies the Buyer as soon as the e-Invoice is validated.

This seamless process ensures a smooth and efficient experience for online platform users.

2. Retailers' Point-of-Sale (POS) System

Figure 3.10 illustrates an example of the issuance process of e-Invoice through Retailer's POS system.

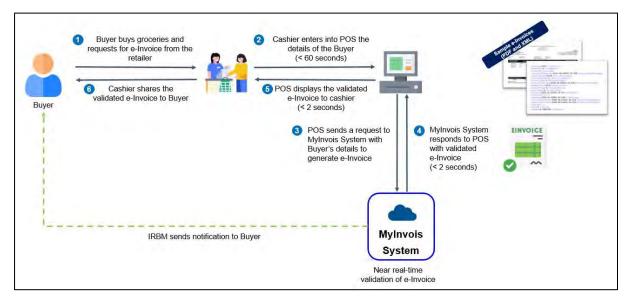


Figure 3.10 – Issuance process of e-Invoice through Retailer's POS system

Example Scenario:

The Buyer purchases groceries at a store and requests for an e-Invoice. The cashier scans the purchases using the POS System, as a business-as-usual-practice, and requests for the Buyer's details (refer to Table 3.1 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline). The interaction duration of this process may take up to sixty (60) seconds. The POS system will then send a request to the MyInvois System with the Buyer's details to generate an e-Invoice. Once the e-Invoice is validated, the API responds to the POS with a validated e-Invoice in less than two (2) seconds. Simultaneously, IRBM notifies the Buyer as soon as the e-Invoice is validated.

The POS system displays the validated e-Invoice to the cashier to prove successful validation. Finally, the cashier shares the printed validated e-Invoice with the Buyer, completing the transaction process.

3. Mylnvois Mobile App

Figure 3.11 illustrates an example of the issuance process of e-Invoice through MyInvois Mobile App.

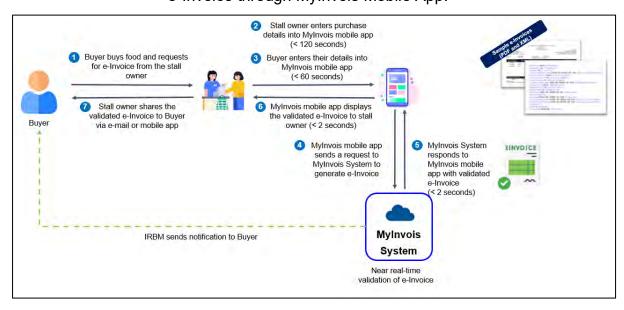


Figure 3.11 – Issuance process of e-Invoice for transactions through Mylnvois Mobile App

Example Scenario:

The Buyer purchases food from a stall and requests for an e-Invoice from the stall owner. The stall owner inputs the purchase details into the Mylnvois Mobile App to draft the e-Invoice. Thereafter, stall owner requests the Buyer to insert their details via the Mylnvois Mobile App whilst the stall owner packs the food requested by Buyer. Once the Buyer has completed their details, the stall owner submits the e-Invoice to IRBM for validation. Once the e-Invoice is validated, the Mylnvois System responds to the Mylnvois Mobile App with a validated e-Invoice, taking less than two (2) seconds.

Simultaneously, IRBM notifies the Buyer as soon as the e-Invoice is validated.

The Mylnvois mobile app then displays the validated e-Invoice to the cashier as a proof of a successful validation. Finally, the stall owner shares the validated e-Invoice to the Buyer via e-mail or mobile app, in which the Buyer may use the validated e-Invoice as proof of expense for tax purposes.

4. Retailers' Self-serve Web Portal/ Mobile App (for e-Invoice that is not generated at the point of purchase/ point of sale)

Figure 3.12 illustrates an example of the issuance process of e-Invoice that was not generated at the point of purchase/ point of sale for transactions through Retailers' Web Portal/ mobile app.

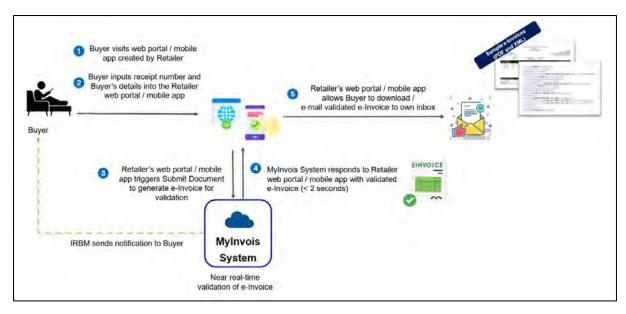


Figure 3.12 – Issuance process of e-Invoice through Retailers' Web Portal/ Mobile App

Example Scenario:

The Buyer purchased sports equipment from a shop for personal consumption and a normal receipt has been issued by the shop, given that the Buyer has not requested for an e-Invoice during check-out. The Buyer later visits the Web Portal or Mobile App created by the retailer. The Buyer inputs the receipt number as well as Buyer's details (refer to Table 3.1 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline) into the Retailer's Web Portal or Mobile App. Upon input, the Retailer's Web Portal or Mobile App sends a request to the MyInvois System with the Buyer's details to generate the e-Invoice for validation. The MyInvois System responds to the Retailer's Web Portal or Mobile App with the validated e-Invoice in less than two (2) seconds.

Simultaneously, IRBM notifies the Buyer as soon as the e-Invoice is validated.

The Retailer's Web Portal or Mobile App allows the Buyer to download or e-mail the e-Invoice to their own inbox, which allows the Buyer to use the validated e-Invoice as proof of expense for tax purposes.

4. STATEMENTS OR BILLS ON A PERIODIC BASIS

- 4.1 Currently, certain businesses/ industries/ sectors practice the issuance of statements or bills to record multiple transactions between Supplier and Buyer (e.g., businesses, end consumers, etc.) over a set period of time (e.g., monthly, bi-monthly, quarterly, bi-annually, annually), instead of issuance of individual invoices for each transaction. These industries/ sectors include but not limited to:
 - (a) Digital/ Electronic payment
 - (b) Financial services, including banking and financial institutions
 - (c) Healthcare
 - (d) Insurance
 - (e) Stockbroking
 - (f) Telecommunications

4.2 Issuance of e-Invoice to Buyer

- 4.2.1 Currently, businesses (Supplier) who issue statements / bills to customers (Buyer) would have included the amount owed by Buyers to the Supplier (e.g., transaction charges). The statements / bills may also include adjustments to prior period's statements / bills and payments / credit to Buyers (e.g., rebate).
- 4.2.2 Upon the implementation of e-Invoice, Suppliers are required to issue e-Invoice as proof of income and/or proof of expense for items that are shown in the statement / bill. In other word, Suppliers are allowed to include the amount owing by Buyers to the Supplier as well as payment / credit to Buyers in the same e-Invoice.
- 4.2.3 To minimise business disruption, IRBM allows Suppliers that issue statement / bill on a periodic basis to issue e-Invoice in the format of XML or JSON for IRBM's validation and convert the validated e-Invoice into visual presentation in the form of statements / bills, to be sent to Buyers.

- 4.2.4 For the purpose of transmitting e-Invoice in XML/ JSON file to IRBM, the e-Invoice would only be limited to the income and expense of the Supplier.
- 4.2.5 Supplier is allowed to create and submit e-Invoice for IRBM's validation in accordance with their respective issuance frequency (e.g., monthly, bi-monthly, quarterly, bi-annually, annually).
- 4.2.6 The steps involved for issuance of an e-Invoice to Buyer are as follows:
 - **Step 1:** Supplier seek confirmation from Buyer if an e-Invoice is required.
 - Step 2: If the Buyer confirmed that an e-Invoice is required, the Buyer is then required to furnish the Supplier with the required information to facilitate the issuance of e-Invoice (refer Table 3.1 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline for further details).
 - **Step 3:** The Supplier is required to complete the remaining required fields as outlined in Appendices 1 and 2 of e-Invoice Guideline.

The process of issuing an e-Invoice is similar to the e-Invoice workflow as discussed in Section 2.3 (e-Invoice model via MyInvois Portal) and Section 2.4 (e-Invoice model via API) of the e-Invoice Guideline.

Step 4: The validated e-Invoice can be used as the Supplier's proof of income and/or expense while the validated e-Invoice that is being visually presented in the form of statements/ bills to Buyer can be used as Buyer's proof of expense and/or income, to substantiate a particular transaction for tax purposes.

- 4.2.7 In facilitating a more efficient e-Invoice issuance process as well as to ease the burden of individuals in providing TIN and identification number details, IRBM provides a concession to individuals. Please refer to Section 3.5.4 to Section 3.5.7 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline for further details.
- 4.2.8 The information required to be included in the e-Invoice are as per the required data fields outlined in Appendices 1 and 2 of the e-Invoice Guideline. The following details would assist the Supplier in issuing the e-Invoice:

No	Data field	Details to be included by Supplier in e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
1	Buyer's Name	Name of Buyer	For business: Name of business For Malaysian individual: Full name as per MyKad/ MyTentera For non-Malaysian individual: Full name as per passport/ MyPR/ MyKAS

No	Data field	Details to be included by Supplier in e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
2	Buyer's TIN	TIN of Buyer	For Malaysian Businesses Supplier to input Buyer's TIN and business registration number For Foreign Businesses Where available, Supplier to input Buyer's TIN and business registration number Where TIN is not available or not provided, Supplier to input "El00000000000000000000000000000000000
3	Buyer's Registration/ Identification Number/ Passport Number	Details of registration/ identification number/ passport number	 i. Option 1: TIN only ii. Option 2: MyKad/ MyTentera identification number only iii. Option 3: Both TIN and MyKad/ MyTentera identification number For non-Malaysian individuals i. Option 1: TIN only ii. Option 2: Both TIN and passport number/ MyPR/ MyKAS identification number

No	Data field	Details to be included by Supplier in e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
			For clarity, (i) refers to the TIN assigned by IRBM. In the event that the non-Malaysian individual does not have a TIN, Supplier may use the general TIN (as listed in Appendix 1 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline), along with the passport number/ MyPR/ MyKAS identification number of the said individual
4	Buyer's Address	Address of Buyer	Supplier to input business address (for business)/ residential address (for individual) of Buyer
5	Buyer's Contact Number	Telephone number of Buyer	Supplier to input contact number of Buyer
6	Buyer's SST Registration Number	SST registration number of Buyer	Where applicable, Supplier to input Buyer's SST registration number Supplier to input "NA" if such information is not applicable, not available or not provided

No	Data field	Details to be included by Supplier in e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
7	e-Invoice	Reference number of	Supplier to input the reference
	Code/ Number	the statement issued	number of the statement/ bill
		by Supplier to Buyer	issued to Buyer (e.g., business/
		(e.g., business/	individual)
		individual)	

Table 4.1 – Details to be input by Supplier for issuance of e-Invoice to Buyer (translate into statement/ bill format for visual presentation)

Example 6

Jenny has been a loyal subscriber of Delca Telco Sdn Bhd's postpaid plan for years. In appreciation of the Jenny's loyalty, Delca Telco Sdn Bhd has decided to provide a RM10 monthly rebate for a period of 24 months.

Delca Telco Sdn Bhd is required to include the RM10 monthly rebate in the e-Invoice (in the visual representation format of statement / bill) issued to Jenny, along with the monthly plan commitment fee payable by Jenny.

Example 7

Envisage Telco Sdn Bhd (ETSB) issues a monthly statement to their customers to bill them for telecommunication charges incurred for the previous month. Rajesh, one of ETSB's customers has requested for an e-Invoice as a proof of expense for tax purposes. ETSB has created and submitted e-Invoice to IRBM for validation. Once validated, ETSB has converted the e-Invoice into visual presentation form of statement before sharing the e-Invoice with Rajesh.

Figure 4.1 provides an example of a visual presentation of e-Invoice in the form of statement.

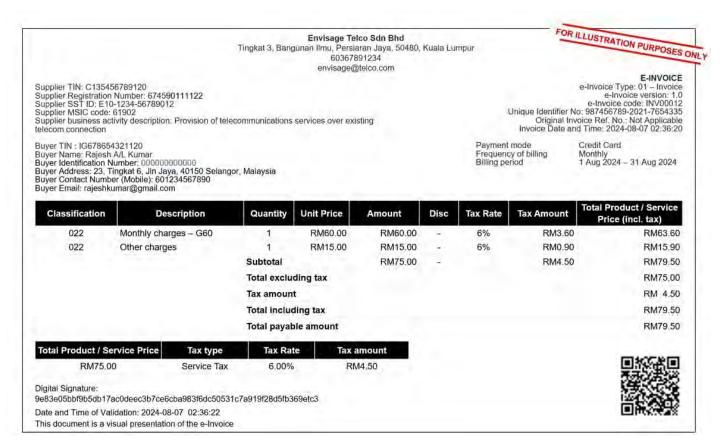


Figure 4.1 – Example of visual presentation of validated e-Invoice in statement form (in PDF format)

Note: The above examples are for illustration purposes only and are subject to changes.

4.3 Issuance of consolidated e-Invoice for Buyers who do not require e-Invoice

- 4.3.1 In the case where a Buyer does not require an e-Invoice, Supplier will issue a normal statement/ bill to Buyer (same as current business practice, in which such information included in statement/ bill will not be required to submit for IRBM's validation).
- 4.3.2 Supplier is allowed to aggregate statements/ bills to create and submit consolidated e-Invoice for IRBM's validation in accordance with the current issuance period for statements/ bills for the respective businesses.
- 4.3.3 Upon aggregation of statements/ bills, Supplier is required to create and submit a consolidated e-Invoice to IRBM for validation, within seven (7) calendar days after the end of the billing period (whichever applicable).
- 4.3.4 In summary, where a Buyer does not require for an e-Invoice to be issued, the steps involved for issuance of a consolidated e-Invoice are as follows:
 - **Step 1:** Supplier seek confirmation from Buyer if an e-Invoice is required.
 - **Step 2:** If the Buyer confirmed that no e-Invoice is required, Supplier would continue to issue statement/ bill to the Buyer (same as current business practice).
 - Step 3: Within seven (7) calendar days after end of the period (according to the issuance period as practice by the Supplier), Supplier will retrieve all the statements/ bills that were issued for the previous billing period and issue a consolidated e-Invoice as proof of Supplier's income and expense.

Step 4: The Supplier will issue the consolidated e-Invoice as per the required fields as outlined in Appendices 1 and 2 of e-Invoice Guideline.

The process of issuing a consolidated e-Invoice is similar to the e-Invoice workflow as discussed in Section 2.3 (e-Invoice model via MyInvois Portal) and Section 2.4 (e-Invoice model via API) with the following exception:

- i. Once the consolidated e-Invoice has been validated, IRBM will send notification to the Supplier only (i.e., no notification will be sent to Buyer as this is an e-Invoice issued to general public). Consequently, there would not be any request for rejection from Buyer.
- 4.3.5 The validated e-Invoice will serve as the Supplier's proof of income and expense. Hence, the validated e-Invoice is not required to be shared with Buyer.
- 4.3.6 The information required to be included in the consolidated e-Invoice are as per the required data fields outlined in Appendices 1 and 2 of the e-Invoice Guideline. The following details would assist the Supplier in issuing the consolidated e-Invoice:

No	Data field	Details to be included by Supplier in consolidated e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
1	Buyer's Name	Name of Buyer	Supplier to input "General Public" in the e-Invoice

No	Data field	Details to be included by Supplier in consolidated e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
2	Buyer's TIN	TIN of Buyer	Supplier to input "El00000000010" in the e-Invoice
3	Buyer's Registration/ Identification Number/ Passport Number	Details of registration/ identification number/ passport number	Supplier to input " NA "
4	Buyer's Address	Address of Buyer	Supplier to input "NA"
5	Buyer's Contact Number	Telephone number of Buyer	Supplier to input "NA"
6	Buyer's SST Registration Number	SST registration number of Buyer	Supplier to input "NA"
7	Description of Product/ Services	Details of products or services being billed for as a result of commercial transaction with Buyers	IRBM allows the Suppliers to adopt one (or a combination) of the following methods: (a) Summary of each statement/ bill is presented as separate line items (b) List of statements/ bills (in a continuous statements/ bills reference number) is

No	Data field	Details to be included by Supplier in consolidated e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
			presented as line items (i.e., where there is a break of statements/ billed reference number chain, the next chain shall be included as a new line item) (c) Branch(es) or location(s) will submit consolidated e-Invoice, adopting either (a) or (b) above for the statements/ bills issued by the said branch(es) or location(s) Note that for any method adopted by businesses, the statement/ bill reference number for each transaction are required to be included under this field in the consolidated e-Invoice

Table 4.2 – Details to be input by Supplier for issuance of consolidated e-Invoice (aggregation of statements/ bills)

4.3.7 Note that regulated industries e.g., financial institutions, payment systems and other relevant entities are not required to disclose the statement/ bill reference number in the consolidated e-Invoice.

5. DISBURSEMENT OR REIMBURSEMENT

- 5.1 Reimbursements refers to out-of-pocket expenses incurred by the payee in the course of rendering services or sale of goods to the payer (i.e., Buyer), which are subsequently reimbursed by the payer. Such expenses include the cost of airfare, travelling, accommodation, telephone and photocopying charges.
- 5.2 Disbursements are out-of-pocket expenses incurred by the payer (i.e., buyer) and paid to a third party (on behalf of the payer) by the payee in connection with services rendered or sale of goods by the payee to the payer.
- 5.3 Currently, Suppliers would include the reimbursement and disbursement in their invoices to the buyers.
- 5.4 The following terminologies have been adopted to ease the understanding of the scenario discussion in Section 5.5 and 5.6.
 - (a) 'Supplier 1' represents the first supplier; and
 - (b) 'Supplier 2' represents the third party/ intermediary.

5.5 Scenario 1: Supplier 1 issues e-Invoice to Buyer

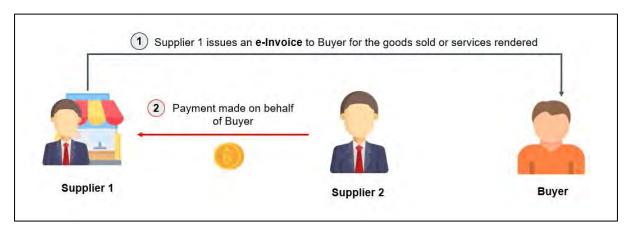


Figure 5.1 – Scenario where Supplier 1 issues e-Invoice to Buyer

- 5.5.1 Supplier 1 issues an e-Invoice directly to Buyer for the goods sold or services rendered to Buyer. Subsequently, Supplier 2 made payment to Supplier 1 to settle the said e-Invoice issued to Buyer, in accordance with the arrangement agreed between Supplier 2 and Buyer.
- 5.5.2 Accordingly, Supplier 2 will issue an e-Invoice to Buyer for the goods sold or service rendered by Supplier 2.
- 5.5.3 As Supplier 1 has issued an e-Invoice to Buyer, the same should not be included in the e-Invoice issued by Supplier 2 to Buyer.
- 5.5.4 The steps involved for the issuance of e-Invoice for the scenario above are as follows:
 - **Step 1:** Supplier 2 entered into an agreement with Buyer for supply of goods or provision of services. As part of the arrangement, Supplier 2 will make payment on behalf of Buyer to settle any expenses incurred during the contract period.
 - **Step 2:** Upon concluding a sale or transaction, Supplier 1 will issue an e-Invoice directly to the Buyer as per the required fields as outlined in Appendices 1 and 2 of e-Invoice Guideline and submit it to IRBM for validation.

The process of issuing an e-Invoice is similar to the e-Invoice workflow as discussed in Section 2.3 (e-Invoice model via MyInvois Portal) and Section 2.4 (e-Invoice model via API) of e-Invoice Guideline.

- **Step 3:** Supplier 2 will make payment on behalf of Buyer to Supplier 1 to settle the outstanding amount. Supplier 1 will issue payment proof to Supplier 2 for the settlement.
- **Step 4:** Supplier 2 will issue an e-Invoice to the Buyer for the goods supplied or services rendered by Supplier 2 to

Buyer (the process of issuing e-Invoice is similar to Step 2 above). Supplier 2 should neither include the payment made on behalf of Buyer in Supplier 2's e-Invoice nor issue an additional e-Invoice for it.

Supplier 2 provides payment proof to the Buyer to recover the payment made to Supplier 1 on behalf of the Buyer.

Example 8

Perniagaan Adibah appointed an event planner to launch their latest product on 9 October 2024. On 1 October 2024, the event planner sourced for flowers from a florist for decoration. The florist has issued an e-Invoice directly to Perniagaan Adibah for the flowers supplied on 7 October 2024.

As agreed in the service contract, event planner will make payment on behalf of Perniagaan Adibah to settle any outstanding amount incurred and recover the same from Perniagaan Adibah at a later date. On 8 October 2024, the event planner paid RM4,000 to the florist on behalf of Perniagaan Adibah for the flowers purchased.

On 12 October 2024, the event planner issues an e-Invoice to Perniagaan Adibah for services rendered. The event planner should only include the service fee in the e-Invoice to Perniagaan Adibah, along with the other charges. However, the RM4,000 paid on behalf should not be included in the event planner's e-Invoice.

For the purposes of recovering the RM4,000 paid on behalf of Perniagaan Adibah to the florist, the event planner provides a copy of the payment proof to Perniagaan Adibah.

Example 9

DEF Company Sdn Bhd (DEF) is a subsidiary of ABC Company Sdn Bhd (ABC). On 1 September 2024, HR Hiring Sdn Bhd has provided recruitment services to DEF amounting to RM10,000 and an e-Invoice has been issued by HR Hiring Sdn Bhd to DEF.

As DEF is tied on cashflow, ABC has paid, on behalf of DEF, RM10,000 to HR Hiring Sdn Bhd and records an amount owing from DEF in its accounting books. Subsequently, DEF has repaid the amount owing to ABC (i.e., RM10,000) on 31 December 2024.

There is no requirement for an e-Invoice to be issued by:

- (a) HR Hiring Sdn Bhd to ABC; and
- (b) ABC to DEF,

as there is no sale or transaction being concluded between the said parties.

In any event if ABC charges certain intercompany fee to DEF for payment made on behalf arrangement, an e-Invoice is required to be issued by ABC to DEF for proof of income (for ABC) and proof of expense (for DEF).

5.6 Scenario 2: Supplier 1 issues e-Invoice to Supplier 2

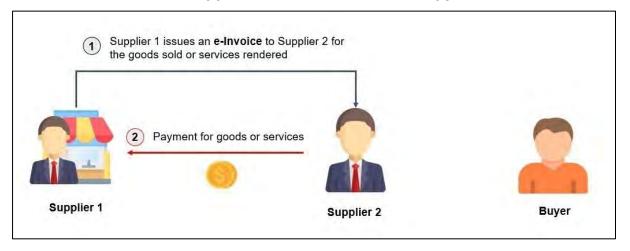


Figure 5.2 – Scenario where Supplier 1 issues e-Invoice to Supplier 2

- 5.6.1 Supplier 1 issues an e-Invoice to Supplier 2 for the goods sold or services rendered intended for Buyer. Supplier 2 makes payment to Supplier 1, according to the arrangement agreed between Supplier 2 and Buyer.
- 5.6.2 Accordingly, Supplier 2 will issue a separate e-Invoice to Buyer to record the amount incurred on behalf of Buyer alongside with the goods sold or service rendered by Supplier 2, in which these will be presented as separate line items in the e-Invoice (i.e., one line for service fee charges and another line for disbursement/reimbursement).
- 5.6.3 The steps involved for issuance of e-Invoice for the scenario above are as follows:
 - **Step 1:** Supplier 2 entered into an agreement with Buyer for supply of goods or provision of services. As part of the arrangement, Supplier 2 will make payment on behalf of Buyer to settle any expenses incurred during the contract period.
 - **Step 2:** Upon concluding a sale or transaction, Supplier 1 will issue an e-Invoice to Supplier 2 as per the required fields as outlined in Appendices 1 and 2 of e-Invoice Guideline and submit it to IRBM for validation.

The process of issuing an e-Invoice is similar to the e-Invoice workflow as discussed in Section 2.3 (e-Invoice model via MyInvois Portal) and Section 2.4 (e-Invoice model via API) of e-Invoice Guideline.

- **Step 3:** Supplier 2 will make payment to Supplier 1. Supplier 1 will issue payment proof to Supplier 2 for the settlement.
- **Step 4:** Supplier 2 will issue an e-Invoice to the Buyer (similar as per Step 2 above) to record the amount incurred on behalf

of Buyer (e.g., disbursement/ reimbursement) alongside with the goods sold or service rendered by Supplier 2, which will be presented as separate line items in the e-Invoice.

Example 10

Same facts as in Example 8, except that now the event planner has incurred RM30,000 to rent a hotel banquet hall for the product launch event. An e-Invoice has been issued by the hotel to the event planner.

The event planner will issue an e-Invoice to charge Perniagaan Adibah for the service provided as well as to recover the rental of hotel banquet hall. Separate line items will be presented in the e-Invoice issued by the event planner for the service fee and hotel banquet hall rental.

6. EMPLOYMENT PERQUISITES AND BENEFITS

- An individual under a contract of service (i.e., employment) may be provided with employee benefits by his/ her employer. Employee benefits may include benefits in cash or in kind that are received by an employee from the employer or third parties in respect of having or exercising the employment, such as:
 - (a) Employees' pecuniary liabilities (e.g., utility bills, parking fees, and car maintenance charges)
 - (b) Club membership
 - (c) Gym membership
 - (d) Professional subscriptions
 - (e) Allowances (e.g., travelling allowance, petrol allowance or toll rate, parking rate/ allowance, meal allowance)
- 6.2 Currently, employees are required to submit their expense claims to their employers.
- 6.3 Where employees are allowed to claim such expenses from his/ her employer, employees are required to prove the authenticity of such expense with supporting documents (e.g., bills, receipts, invoices, statements, payment slips, etc.). As such, the expenses claimed by employees would be recorded as the employer's expense and reported for tax purposes.
- 6.4 Upon implementation of e-Invoice, when a sale or transaction is concluded, employees are required to request for the e-Invoices to be issued to their employer for proof of expense, to the extent possible.
- 6.5 IRBM recognises the potential challenges in getting e-Invoice to be issued in the name of the employer (as Buyer). In this regard, the IRBM provides the following concession:

- (a) Businesses will be allowed to proceed with the use of e-Invoice issued in the name of the employee or existing supporting document issued by the Supplier to support the particular transactions as proof of expense for tax purposes.
- (b) In the event where payment in relation to perquisite and benefit is made to foreign suppliers, both employer and employee are not required to issue a self-billed e-Invoice. As such, IRBM will accept foreign supplier's receipts/ bills/ invoices as a proof of expense.

This exception will only be applicable if the perquisites and benefits are clearly stated in the employer's policy.

- 6.6 The steps involved for the scenario above are as follows:
 - **Step 1:** For any expense claim to be made by employees, employees should first seek confirmation with the Supplier if the e-Invoice can be issued in the name of the employer (as Buyer).
 - **Step 2:** Where an e-Invoice can be issued to the employer, the employees should provide the details of the employer in order for the e-Invoice to be issued to the employer.
 - Where Step 1 is not possible, the employees should provide their personal details to the Supplier for issuance of e-Invoice to the employee (as Buyer).
 - **Step 3:** Payment will be made by the employees upon receiving the validated e-Invoice from the Supplier.
 - **Step 4:** Employees submit their expense claim by submitting the validated e-Invoice (be it issued in the name of the employer or employee) as supporting document to the employer.

7. CERTAIN EXPENSES INCURRED BY EMPLOYEE ON BEHALF OF THE EMPLOYER

- 7.1 An individual under a contract of service (i.e., employment) may incur certain expenses on behalf of the employer. Such expenses include, but not limited to, accommodation, toll, mileage, parking, telecommunication expenses, expenses incurred in a foreign country.
- 7.2 Currently, employees are required to submit their expense claims to their employers by proving the authenticity of such expense with supporting documents (e.g., bills, receipts, invoices, statements, payment slips, etc.).
- 7.3 Upon implementation of e-Invoice, when a sale or transaction is concluded, employees are required to request for the e-Invoices to be issued to their employer for proof of expense, to the extent possible.
- 7.4 However, IRBM acknowledges that there may be difficulties in getting the e-Invoice to be issued in the name of the employer (as Buyer) for certain expenses. In this regard, the IRBM provides the following concession:
 - (a) Businesses will be allowed to proceed with the use of e-Invoice issued in the name of the employee or existing supporting document issued by the Supplier to support the particular transactions as proof of expense for tax purposes.
 - (b) In the event where employees paid for expenses incurred overseas, both employer and employee are not required to issue a self-billed e-Invoice. As such, IRBM will accept the foreign bills/ receipts/ invoices as a proof of expense.
- 7.5 Note that this exception will only be applicable if the employer is able to prove that the employee is acting on the employer's behalf in incurring the expenses.

- 7.6 The steps involved for the scenario above are as follows:
 - **Step 1:** For any expense claim to be made by employees, employees should first seek confirmation with the Supplier if the e-Invoice can be issued in the name of the employer (as Buyer).
 - **Step 2:** Where an e-Invoice can be issued to the employer, the employees should provide the details of the employer in order for the e-Invoice to be issued to the employer.

Where Step 1 is not possible, the employees should provide their individual details to the Supplier for issuance of e-Invoice to the employee (as Buyer).

- **Step 3:** Payment will be made by the employees upon receiving the validated e-Invoice from the Supplier.
- **Step 4:** Employees submit their expense claim by submitting the validated e-Invoice (be it issued in the name of the employer or employee) as supporting document to the employer.

8. SELF-BILLED E-INVOICE

- 8.1 When a sale or transaction is concluded, an e-Invoice is issued by Supplier to recognise income of the Supplier (proof of income) and as a record for purchases made/ spending by Buyer (proof of expense).
- 8.2 However, there are certain circumstances where another party (other than the Supplier) will be required to issue a self-billed e-Invoice.
- 8.3 For e-Invoice purposes, Buyer shall issue self-billed e-Invoices for the following transactions:
 - (a) Payment to agents, dealers, distributors, etc. (refer to Section 9 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline for further details)
 - (b) Goods sold or services rendered by foreign suppliers (refer to Section10.4 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline for further details)
 - (c) Profit distribution (e.g., dividend distribution) (refer to Section 11 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline for further details)
 - (d) Electronic commerce ("e-commerce") transactions (refer to Section 14 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline for further details)
 - (e) Pay-out to all betting and gaming winners¹
 - (f) Acquisition of goods or services from individual taxpayers (who are not conducting a business) (applicable only if the other self-billed circumstances are not applicable)
 - (g) Interest payment, except:
 - Businesses (e.g., financial institutions, etc.) that charge interest to public at large (regardless businesses or individuals);
 - ii. Interest payment made by employee to employer; and
 - iii. Interest payment made by foreign payor to Malaysian taxpayers.

¹ Pay-outs to winners in relation to betting and gaming (i) in casino and (ii) from gaming machines (refer to Table 3.4 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline) are exempted from self-billed e-Invoice until further notice.

Note that the Supplier is required to issue e-Invoice for exceptions mentioned above.

Example 11

Ahmad is a full-time employee of Syarikat ABC. On 1 November 2024, he decided to sell his gaming console to IT Computer Sdn Bhd.

As Ahmad is an individual who is not conducting a business, IT Computer Sdn Bhd is required to assume the role of Supplier and issue self-billed e-Invoice for the purchase of gaming console from Ahmad.

Example 12

Saloma, a primary school teacher, has inherited a vacant land from her grandparents. Since then, she receives income from renting the vacant land to XYZ Enterprise. Note that Saloma does not provide maintenance or support services for the land rented to XYZ Enterprise.

As Saloma is an individual who is not conducting a business, XYZ Enterprise is required to assume the role of Supplier and issue a self-billed e-Invoice to Saloma.

Example 13

Farhan is an employee of Perniagaan Nusa Kasih where he is generally responsible to arrange for client meetings.

On 29 May 2025, Farhan has purchased cupcakes from Mak Cik Rosa, who runs a small roadside stall nearby Perniagaan Nusa Kasih, as teatime refreshment for a client meeting. Mak Cik Rosa has provided Farhan a handwritten receipt as she has yet to be mandated to issue e-Invoice.

Perniagaan Nusa Kasih is not required and not allowed to issue selfbilled e-Invoice for the said expense and may continue to use the handwritten receipt provided by Mak Cik Rosa to substantiate for tax purposes.

Upon full implementation of e-Invoice on 1 July 2025, Mak Cik Rosa is required to issue e-Invoice for all of her sales (either individual or consolidated e-Invoice) and submit for IRBM's validation.

Example 14

Best Mesra Sdn Bhd has rented a new office space which is owned by three (3) individuals, namely Kamal, Cheng and Sunita.

From Best Mesra Sdn Bhd's discussions with the landlords, Best Mesra Sdn Bhd understands that the landlords are individuals who do not conduct business.

As such, Best Mesra Sdn Bhd is required to assume the role of Supplier and issue separate self-billed e-Invoices to each individual property owners based on their agreed proportion.

Example 15

Adi has secured a mortgage loan from Bank Primaras, where he is subjected to a fixed annual interest rate of 3.75%. Adi will make an instalment payment to Bank Primaras on a monthly basis. This instalment is made up of two components: interest and principal.

In view that Adi is an individual making interest payment on loan to bank, Bank Primaras is required to issue e-Invoice (in the visual representation format of statement / bill) to Adi for the instalment in relation to mortgage loan, in accordance with the exception provided under Section 8.3(g)(i) of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline.

Example 16

Cee Sdn Bhd has obtained RM10 million loan for business purpose from its holding company, Beeny Sdn Bhd. Beeny Sdn Bhd charges an arm's length interest to Cee Sdn Bhd.

In line with Section 8.3(g) of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline, Cee Sdn Bhd is required to assume the role of Supplier and issue self-billed e-Invoice for the interest paid to Beeny Sdn Bhd.

- 8.4 Where a Buyer is required to issue a self-billed e-Invoice, the Buyer will assume the role of the Supplier to be the issuer of e-Invoice and submits it to IRBM for validation. Upon validation, Buyer would be able to use the validated e-Invoice as a proof of expense for tax purposes. As such, the other party is no longer required to issue an e-Invoice where a self-billed e-Invoice has been issued for the particular transaction.
- 8.5 As the Buyer is required to assume the role of Supplier and issue self-billed e-Invoice, the Buyer is obliged to share validated self-billed e-Invoice with the Supplier upon validation.

Where the Buyer submits the self-billed e-Invoice for IRBM's validation via Mylnvois Portal, the visual representation of the self-billed e-Invoice generated from the Mylnvois Portal will include a QR code, which can be used to validate the existence and status of the e-Invoice via the Mylnvois Portal.

Where the Buyer submits the self-billed e-Invoice for IRBM's validation via API transmission, in the event the Buyer shares the visual representation of the self-billed e-Invoice to the Supplier, the Buyer is required to ensure that the QR code is embedded accordingly prior to sharing it with the Supplier.

8.6 For the purposes of self-billed e-Invoice, the parties of the e-Invoice are as follows:

No	Transaction	Supplier	Buyer
			(assumes the role of
			Supplier to issue
			self-billed e-Invoice)
1	Payment to agents,	Agents, dealers,	Taxpayer that makes the
	dealers, distributors, etc	distributors, etc.	payment
2	Goods sold or services	Foreign Seller	Malaysian Purchaser
	rendered by foreign		
	suppliers		
3	Profit distribution (e.g.,	Recipient of the	Taxpayer that makes the
	dividend distribution)	distribution	distribution
	,		
4	e-Commerce	Merchant, service	e-Commerce/
		providers	Intermediary platform
		(e.g., driver, rider)	
5	Pay-out to all betting and	Recipient of the	Licensed betting and
	gaming winners	pay-out	gaming provider
6	Association of goods or	In dividual taxanızı	Derece continue goods or
6	Acquisition of goods or	Individual taxpayer	Person acquiring goods or .
	services from individual	providing goods or	services
	taxpayers who are not	services	
	conducting a business		
7	Interest payment	Recipient of interest	Taxpayer that makes the
		payment	interest payment

Table 8.1 – Parties involved in self-billed e-Invoice

- 8.7 In facilitating a more efficient e-Invoice issuance process as well as to ease the burden of individual Suppliers in providing TIN and identification number details, IRBM provides a concession to individual Suppliers. Please refer to Section 3.5.4 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline for further details.
- 8.8 In the event the individual Supplier provides either TIN or MyKad / MyTentera identification number (instead of both), the Buyer should input the following details for self-billed e-Invoice purposes.

No	Option	Details field	Details to be included by Buyer in self-billed e-Invoice
1	Option 1 (for Malaysian and non-Malaysian individuals), where the individual Supplier only provides TIN	Supplier's TIN	Buyer to input the TIN as provided by individual Supplier
		Supplier's Registration / Identification Number / Passport Number	Buyer to input "0000000000" in the e-Invoice
2	Option 2 (for Malaysian individuals), where the individual	Supplier's TIN	Buyer to input "El0000000010" in the e-Invoice
	Supplier only provides MyKad / MyTentera identification number	Supplier's Registration / Identification Number / Passport Number	Buyer to input MyKad / MyTentera identification number provided by the individual Supplier

Table 8.2 – Details of TIN and identification number / passport number to be included by Buyer for issuance of self-billed e-Invoice to individual Supplier

8.9 The information required to be included in the self-billed e-Invoice are as per the required data fields outlined in Appendices 1 and 2 of the e-Invoice Guideline. The following details would assist the Buyer in issuing the self-billed e-Invoice:

No	Data field	Details to be included by Buyer in a self-billed e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
1	Supplier's Name	Name of Supplier	For Business: Name of business For Malaysian individuals: Full name as per MyKad/ MyTentera For non-Malaysian individuals: Full name as per passport/ MyPR/
			MyKAS
2	Supplier's TIN	TIN of Supplier	For Malaysian Businesses Buyer to input the Supplier's TIN and business registration number. For Foreign Businesses Where available, Buyer to input foreign Supplier's business registration number and TIN. Where TIN is not available or not provided, Buyer to input "El00000000000" for foreign supplier. Where business registration number is not available or not provided, Buyer to input "NA"

No	Data field	Details to be included by Buyer in a self-billed e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
3	Supplier's Registration/ Identification Number/ Passport Number	Details of registration/ identification number/ passport number	 For Malaysian Individuals i. Option 1: TIN only ii. Option 2: MyKad / MyTentera identification number only iii. Option 3: Both TIN and MyKad / MyTentera identification number For non-Malaysian Individuals i. Option 1: TIN only ii. Option 2: Both TIN and passport number / MyPR / MyKAS identification number For clarity, (i) refers to the TIN assigned by IRBM. In the event that the non-Malaysian individual does not have a TIN, Buyer may use the general TIN (as listed in Appendix 1 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline), along with the passport number / MyPR / MyKAS identification number of the said individual.
4	Supplier's Address	Address of Supplier	Buyer to input the business address (for business)/ residential address (for individual) of Supplier

No	Data field	Details to be included by Buyer in a self-billed e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
5	Supplier's Contact Number	Telephone number of Supplier	Buyer to input the contact number of Supplier
6	Supplier's SST Registration Number	SST registration number of Supplier	Where applicable, Buyer to input Supplier's SST registration number Where Supplier is not registered for SST, Buyer to input "NA"
7	Supplier's Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC code)	MSIC code of Supplier (where applicable)	Where applicable, Buyer to input Supplier's MSIC code Buyer to input "00000" if such information is not available or not provided
8	Supplier's Business Activity Description	Description of the Supplier's business activity	Where applicable, Buyer to input Supplier's Business Activity Description Buyer to input "NA" if such information is not available or not provided
9	Classification	Classification of products or services	Buyer to input a 3-digit integer (e.g., "000" to "999"), in accordance with the catalogue set by IRBM

No	Data field	Details to be included by Buyer in a self-billed e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
10	e-Invoice Code/	Document	Reference number of the invoice/
	Number	reference number used by Supplier for internal tracking purposes	bill/ receipt issued by the Supplier (if applicable)

Table 8.3 – Details required to be input by Buyer for issuance of self-billed e-Invoice

9. TRANSACTIONS WHICH INVOLVE PAYMENTS (WHETHER IN MONETARY FORM OR OTHERWISE) TO AGENTS, DEALERS OR DISTRIBUTORS

- 9.1 The use of an agent, dealer or distributor are commonly seen in a business supply chain. An agent, dealer or distributor (i.e., a third party/ intermediary) will earn commission on the sale of products or provision of services to consumers.
- 9.2 Figure 9.1 provides a general overview of payment to agent, dealer or distributor.



Figure 9.1 – General overview of a business involving agent, dealer or distributor

9.3 Issuance of e-Invoice from Seller to Purchaser

- 9.3.1 When a Purchaser acquires goods or services from the Seller through an Agent/ Dealer/ Distributor, Seller is required to issue an e-Invoice to the Purchaser to record the transaction.
- 9.3.2 For the purposes of e-Invoice issuance, the roles of both parties would be as follows:

(a) Supplier: Seller

(b) Buyer: Purchaser

- 9.3.3 Where the Purchaser does not request for an e-Invoice to be issued, Seller will issue a normal receipt to the Purchaser. Subsequently, Seller is required to issue a consolidated e-Invoice, aggregating all receipts issued for the prior month, for proof of income within seven (7) calendar days after the month-end.
- 9.3.4 The process of issuing an e-Invoice to Purchaser is similar to the issuance of e-Invoice under Section 3.5 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline (for Purchaser who requires an e-Invoice) and Section 3.6 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline (for Purchaser who does not require an e-Invoice) above.

9.4 Issuance of self-billed e-Invoice from Seller to Agent/ Dealer/

- 9.4.1 Upon concluding a sale or transaction, the Agent/ Dealer/ Distributor is eligible to receive a payment or any other incentive (whether monetary or otherwise) from the Seller (e.g., commission).
- 9.4.2 For the purpose of self-billed e-Invoice issuance, the roles of both parties would be as follows:
 - (a) Supplier: Agent/ Dealer/ Distributor
 - (b) Buyer: Seller (assumes the role of Supplier to issue a self-billed e-Invoice for proof of expense)
- 9.4.3 The process of issuing a self-billed e-Invoice is similar to the detailed e-Invoice workflow as provided under Section 2.3 and Section 2.4 of the e-Invoice Guideline.
- 9.4.4 In facilitating a more efficient e-Invoice issuance process as well as to ease the burden of individual Suppliers in providing TIN and identification number details, IRBM provides a concession to individual Suppliers. Please refer to Section 3.5.4 and Section 8.8 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline for further details.

9.4.5 The information required to be included in the self-billed e-Invoice are as per the required data fields outlined in Appendices 1 and 2 of the e-Invoice Guideline. The following details would assist the Seller in issuing the self-billed e-Invoice:

No	Data field	Details to be included by Seller in a self-billed e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
1	Supplier's Name	Name of Agent/ Dealer/ Distributor	For Business: Name of business For Malaysian individual: Full name as per MyKad/ MyTentera For non-Malaysian individual: Full name as per passport/ MyPR/ MyKAS
3	Supplier's TIN Supplier's Registration/ Identification Number/ Passport Number	TIN of Agent/ Dealer/ Distributor Details of registration/ identification number/ passport number	For Malaysian Businesses Seller to input Agent/ Dealer/ Distributor's TIN and business registration number. Note that it is mandatory for Malaysian Agent/ Dealer/ Distributor to provide TIN and business registration number. For Foreign Businesses Where available, Seller to input Agent/ Dealer/ Distributor's TIN and business registration number

No	Data field	Details to be included by Seller	Additional Remarks
		in a self-billed	
		e-Invoice	
			Where TIN is not available or not
			provided, Seller to input
			"El00000000030" for Foreign
			Agent/ Dealer/ Distributor
			Where business registration
			number is not available or not
			provided, Seller to input " NA "
			For Malaysian Individuals
			i. Option 1: TIN only
			ii. Option 2: MyKad/ MyTentera
			identification number only
			iii. Option 3: Both TIN and
			MyKad/ MyTentera
			identification number
			For non-Malaysian individuals
			i. Option 1: TIN only
			ii. Option 2: Both TIN and
			passport number/ MyPR/
			MyKAS identification number
			For clarity, (i) refers to the TIN
			assigned by IRBM. In the event
			that the non-Malaysian individual
			does not have a TIN, Supplier may
			use the general TIN (as listed in
			Appendix 1 of this e-Invoice
			Specific Guideline), along with the

No	Data field	Details to be included by Seller in a self-billed e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
			passport number/ MyPR/ MyKAS identification number of the said individual
4	Supplier's Address	Address of Agent/ Dealer/ Distributor	Seller to input the business address (for business)/ residential address (for individual) of Agent/ Dealer/ Distributor
5	Supplier's Contact Number	Telephone number of the Agent/ Dealer/ Distributor	Seller to input the contact number of Agent/ Dealer/ Distributor
6	Supplier's SST Registration Number	SST registration number of the Agent/ Dealer/ Distributor	Where applicable, Seller to input Agent/ Dealer/ Distributor's SST registration number Seller to input "NA" if such information is not applicable, not available or not provided
7	Supplier's Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC code)	MSIC code of the Agent/ Dealer/ Distributor	Where applicable, Seller to input Agent/ Dealer/ Distributor's MSIC code Seller to input "00000" if such information is not available or not provided

No	Data field	Details to be included by Seller in a self-billed e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
8	Supplier's Business Activity Description	Description of the Agent/ Dealer/ Distributor's business activity	Where applicable, Seller to input Agent/ Dealer/ Distributor's Business Activity Description Seller to input "NA" if such information is not available or not provided
9	Classification	Classification of products or services	Seller to input a 3-digit integer (e.g., "000" to "999"), in accordance with the catalogue set by IRBM
10	e-Invoice Code/ Number	Document reference number used by Seller for internal tracking purposes	Reference number of the receipt issued by the Seller

Table 9.1 – Details to be input by Seller (i.e., Buyer) for issuance of self-billed e-Invoice to agent/ dealer/ distributor

Example 17

Ali works as a sales agent of Chère Automotive Sdn Bhd (CASB). On 22 June 2025, Ali sold a car (Schnell model) at a price of RM600,000 and earns a 20% commission on the sales he made.

CASB issues a self-billed e-Invoice to Ali, recording the 20% commission earned by Ali as proof of income and proof of expense for CASB. Below is an example of a self-billed e-Invoice issued by CASB to Ali:

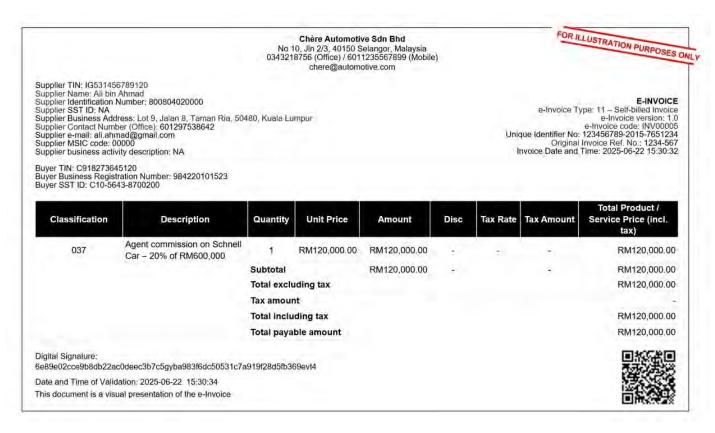


Figure 9.2 – Issuance of self-billed e-Invoice by business to its agent

Note: The above example is for illustration purposes only and are subject to changes.

10.CROSS BORDER TRANSACTIONS

- 10.1 Cross-border transaction involves a transaction between a Malaysian buyer and a foreign supplier and vice versa.
- 10.2 Foreign supplier refers to any supplier operating outside of Malaysia/ not established in Malaysia, including non-Malaysian individual. Conversely, foreign buyer refers to any foreign person whom acquires goods and/or services from Malaysia.
- 10.3 Cross-border transactions consists of the following:
 - (a) Goods sold or services rendered by Foreign Seller (Supplier) to Malaysian Purchaser (Buyer); and
 - (b) Goods sold or services rendered by Malaysian Seller (Supplier) to Foreign Purchaser (Buyer).

10.4 Goods sold or services rendered by Foreign Seller to Malaysian Purchaser



Figure 10.1 – Current transaction flow between Foreign Seller (Supplier) and Malaysian

Purchaser (Buyer)

- 10.4.1 Currently, Foreign Seller would issue an invoice/ bill/ receipt to the Malaysian Purchaser to record the transaction e.g., sale of goods or provision of services.
- 10.4.2 The invoice/ bill/ receipt would be issued in accordance with the Foreign Seller local invoicing requirements as part of their business practices.
- 10.4.3 Given that the Foreign Seller is not mandated to implement Malaysia's e-Invoice, the Malaysian Purchaser is required to issue a self-billed e-Invoice to document the said expense. A self-billed e-Invoice is required to support the said transaction for tax purposes.
- 10.4.4 For the purpose of self-billed e-Invoice issuance, the roles of both parties would be as follows:
 - (a) Supplier: Foreign Seller
 - (b) Buyer: Malaysian Purchaser (assumed the role of Supplier to issue a self-billed e-Invoice for proof of expense)
- 10.4.5 The steps involved for issuance of self-billed e-Invoice by the Malaysian Purchaser are as follows:
 - **Step 1:** When a sale or transaction is concluded, Foreign Seller will issue an invoice/ receipt/ bill to the Malaysian Purchaser to record its income generated from sale of goods or services rendered.
 - **Step 2**: The Malaysian Purchaser is required to assume the role of Supplier and issue a self-billed e-Invoice to document the expense for tax purposes, in accordance with the timing of issuance as mentioned in Section 10.4.8 and 10.4.9 respectively.

In issuing the self-billed e-Invoice, the Malaysian Purchaser will complete the required fields as outlined in Appendices 1 and 2 of e-Invoice Guideline.

The Malaysian Purchaser may extract the details of the Foreign Seller from the invoice/ receipt/ bill issued by the Foreign Seller or request the relevant details from the Foreign Seller.

Where certain required details are not available due to:

- The details are not applicable to the Foreign Seller;
 or
- ii. The details are not provided by Foreign Seller;

the Malaysian Purchaser to input "**NA**" in the self-billed e-Invoice.

Step 3: The process of issuing a self-billed e-Invoice by the Malaysian Purchaser shall follow the detailed e-Invoice workflow as discussed in Section 2.3 (e-Invoice model via Mylnvois Portal) and Section 2.4 (e-Invoice model via API) of the e-Invoice Guideline.

Once the self-billed e-Invoice has been validated, IRBM will send notification to the Malaysian Purchaser only (i.e., no notification to be sent to Foreign Seller).

- 10.4.6 The validated self-billed e-Invoice will serve as proof of expense for Malaysian Purchaser. Hence, the self-billed e-Invoice is not required to be shared with Foreign Seller and there would not be any request for rejection from Foreign Seller.
- 10.4.7 Kindly note that for the purposes of self-billed e-Invoice, where service tax on imported taxable service is applicable in accordance with the relevant SST legislation, taxpayer is required to include the service tax amount in the said self-billed e-Invoice.

- 10.4.8 In relation to importation of goods, the Malaysian Purchaser should issue a self-billed e-Invoice latest by the end of the month following the month of customs clearance being obtained .
- 10.4.9 Meanwhile, in relation to importation of services, self-billed e-Invoice should be issued latest by the end of the month following the month upon (1) payment made by the Malaysian Purchaser; or (2) receipt of invoice from foreign supplier, whichever earlier. The determination of the aforementioned (1) and (2) is in accordance with the prevailing rules applicable for imported taxable service.
- 10.4.10 The information required to be included in the self-billed e-Invoice are as per the required data fields outlined in Appendices 1 and 2 of the e-Invoice Guideline. The following details would assist the Malaysian Purchaser in issuing the self-billed e-Invoice:

No	Data field	Details to be included by Malaysian Purchaser in a self-billed e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
1	Supplier's Name	Name of Foreign Seller	For Business: Name of business For non-Malaysian individual: Full name as per passport/ MyPR/ MyKAS

No	Data field	Details to be included by Malaysian Purchaser in a self-billed e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
2	Supplier's TIN	TIN of Foreign Seller	Malaysian Purchaser to input the Foreign Seller's TIN, where available Where TIN is not available or not provided, Malaysian Purchaser to input "El000000000000000000000000000000000000
3	Supplier's Registration/ Identification Number/ Passport Number	Details of registration/ identification number/ passport number	Malaysian Purchaser to input business registration/ passport number/ MyPR/ MyKAS identification number of Foreign Seller Malaysian Purchaser to input "NA" if business registration number is not available or not provided
4	Supplier's Address	Address of Foreign Seller	Malaysian Purchaser to input business address (for business)/ residential address (for individual) of the Foreign Seller
5	Supplier's Contact Number	Telephone number of Foreign Seller	Malaysian Purchaser to input the contact number of Foreign Seller

No	Data field	Details to be included by Malaysian Purchaser in a self-billed e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
6	Supplier's SST Registration Number	SST registration number of the Foreign Seller	Where applicable, Malaysian Purchaser to input Foreign Seller's SST registration number Malaysian Purchaser to input "NA" if such information is not applicable, not available or not provided
7	Supplier's Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC code)	MSIC code of Foreign Seller	Where applicable, Malaysian Purchaser to input Foreign Seller's MSIC code Malaysian Purchaser to input "00000" if such information is not applicable, not available or not provided
8	Supplier's Business Activity Description	Description of the Foreign Seller's business activity	Where applicable, Malaysian Purchaser to input Foreign Seller's Business Activity Description Malaysian Purchaser to input "NA" if such information is not applicable, not available or not provided
9	Classification	Classification of products or services	Malaysian Purchaser to input a 3-digit integer (e.g., "000" to "999"), in accordance with the catalogue set by IRBM

Table 10.1 – Details to be input by Malaysian Purchaser (Buyer) for issuance of self-billed e-Invoice to Foreign Seller (Supplier)

Example 18

Food Eatery Sdn Bhd (Buyer) has entered into an agreement with ABC Advisory Ltd (Supplier), a legal advisory service provider based in the United Kingdom. ABC Advisory Ltd has issued an invoice amounting to RM200,000 for providing professional legal advice to Food Eatery Sdn Bhd. The legal advice relates to matters in Malaysia and thus, imported taxable service would be applicable on the provision of the services. Food Eatery Sdn Bhd has paid for the services on 31 July 2025.

In order to substantiate the expense for tax purposes, Food Eatery Sdn Bhd is required to issue a self-billed e-Invoice. In completing the self-billed e-Invoice, Food Eatery Sdn Bhd is required to input all the required fields as outlined in Appendices 1 and 2 of the e-Invoice Guideline, including supplier's details as per the invoice, with the exception for supplier's TIN (i.e., buyer to input general supplier TIN as mentioned in Table 10.1).

Figure 10.2 provides an example of the self-billed e-Invoice issued by Food Eatery Sdn Bhd:

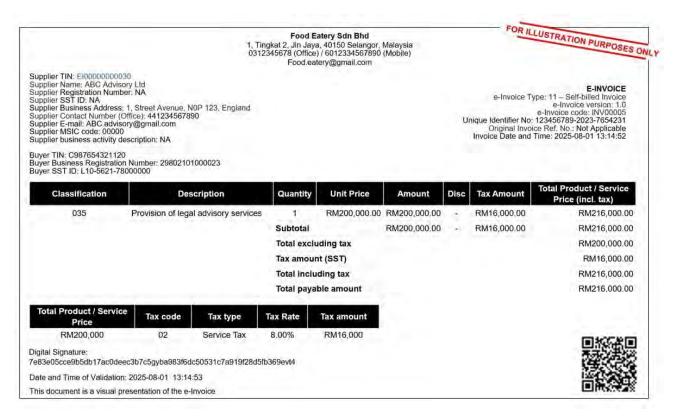


Figure 10.2 – Example of validated self-billed e-Invoice for transaction with foreign supplier in PDF format

Note: The above example is for illustration purposes only and are subject to changes.

10.5 Goods sold or services rendered by Malaysian Seller to Foreign Purchaser



Figure 10.3 – Current transaction flow between Malaysian Seller (Supplier) and Foreign Purchaser (Buyer)

- 10.5.1 Currently, Malaysian Seller would issue an invoice/ bill/ receipt to the Foreign Purchaser to record the transaction e.g., sale of goods or provision of services.
- 10.5.2 Upon the implementation of e-Invoice, Malaysian Seller is required to issue an e-Invoice to the Foreign Purchaser to record the said income.
- 10.5.3 The steps involved for issuance of e-Invoice by the Malaysian Seller are as follows:
 - **Step 1:** Upon a sale or transaction being concluded, the Malaysian Seller will issue an e-Invoice to Foreign Purchaser to record the transaction e.g., sale of goods or provision of services.

For the purpose of e-Invoice issuance, the roles of both parties would be as follows:

i. Supplier: Malaysian Seller

ii. Buyer: Foreign Purchaser

Step 2: The Malaysian Seller will be required to complete the required fields as outlined in Appendices 1 and 2 of the e-Invoice Guideline.

Where certain required details are not available due to:

- i. The details are not applicable to the Foreign Purchaser; or
- ii. The details are not provided by Foreign Purchaser the Malaysian Seller to input "NA" in the e-Invoice.
- **Step 3:** The process of issuing the e-Invoice by Malaysian Seller shall follow the detailed e-Invoice workflow as discussed in Section 2.3 (e-Invoice model via MyInvois Portal) and

Section 2.4 (e-Invoice model via API) of the e-Invoice Guideline, with the following exceptions:

- Once the e-Invoice has been validated, IRBM will send notification to the Malaysian Seller only (i.e., no notification to be sent to Foreign Purchaser as they are not using Mylnvois System).
- ii. The validated e-Invoice will serve as proof of income for Malaysian Seller. The Malaysian Seller would share a copy of the validated e-Invoice to the Foreign Purchaser as a business-as-usual practice for record purposes.
- iii. As Foreign Purchaser is not part of Mylnvois System, there would not be any request for rejection from Foreign Purchaser. Should there be any error on the validated e-Invoice, any adjustment should be made by issuance of credit note/ debit note/ refund note e-Invoice by the Malaysian Seller.
- 10.5.4 The information required to be included in the e-Invoice are as per the required data fields outlined in Appendices 1 and 2 of the e-Invoice Guideline. The following details would assist the Malaysian Seller in issuing the e-Invoice:

No	Data field	Details to be input by Malaysian Seller in an e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
1	Buyer's Name	Name of Foreign Purchaser	For business: Name of business For non-Malaysian individual: Full name as per passport/ MyPR/ MyKAS

No	Data field	Details to be input by Malaysian Seller in an e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
2	Buyer's TIN	TIN of Foreign Purchaser	Malaysian Seller to input the Foreign Purchaser's TIN, where available Where TIN is not available or not provided, Malaysian Seller to input "El00000000000" for Foreign Purchaser
3	Buyer's Registration/ Identification Number/ Passport Number	Details of registration/ identification number/ passport number	Where available, Malaysian Seller to input the business registration/ passport number/ MyPR/ MyKAS identification number of Foreign Purchaser Malaysian Seller to input "NA" if business registration number is not available or not provided
4	Buyer's Address	Address of Foreign Purchaser	Malaysian Seller to input the business address (for business)/ residential address (for individual) of Foreign Purchaser
5	Buyer's Contact Number	Telephone number of Foreign Purchaser	Malaysian Seller to input the contact number of Foreign Purchaser

No	Data field	Details to be input by Malaysian Seller in an e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
6	Buyer's SST	SST registration	Where applicable, Malaysian
	Registration	number of the Foreign	Seller to input Foreign
	Number	Purchaser	Purchaser's SST registration number
			Malaysian Seller to input " NA "
			if such information is not
			applicable, not available or
			not provided

Table 10.2 – Details to be input by Malaysian Seller (Supplier) for issuance of e-Invoice to Foreign Purchaser (Buyer)

11.PROFIT DISTRIBUTION (E.G., DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTION)

11.1 **Domestic Distribution**

- 11.1.1 Currently, companies distributing profits to its shareholders issues dividend vouchers or dividend warrants to its shareholders. Taxpayers in other forms of legal entity (e.g., trusts, unit trusts, etc.) adopt similar practice.
- 11.1.2 Upon implementation of e-Invoice in Malaysia, taxpayers that are not entitled to deduct tax under Section 108 of the Income Tax Act 1967 as well as taxpayers who are listed on Bursa Malaysia will be exempted from issuing self-billed e-Invoice on dividend distribution. Correspondingly, their shareholders are not required to issue an e-Invoice for proof of income. This exemption will be reviewed and updated from time to time.
- 11.1.3 In other words, taxpayers enjoying the exemption under Section 11.1.2 above can continue with their existing processes in relation to profit distributions (e.g., issuance of dividend vouchers or warrants).
- 11.1.4 However, taxpayers other than those mentioned in Section 11.1.2 are required to issue self-billed e-Invoice to document the expense. Similarly, the self-billed e-Invoice will serve as a proof of income for the Supplier (i.e., recipients of the profit distribution).
- 11.1.5 For the purpose of self-billed e-Invoice issuance, the roles of both parties would be as follows:
 - (a) Supplier: Recipient of the distribution
 - (b) Buyer: Taxpayer that makes the distribution

- 11.1.6 Where a self-billed e-Invoice is required to be issued, the steps involved for issuance are as follows:
 - **Step 1:** When profit (e.g., dividend) is being paid or credited, the taxpayer that makes the distribution will issue a dividend voucher to the recipient.
 - **Step 2:** The taxpayer that makes the distribution is required to assume the role of Supplier and issue a self-billed e-Invoice to the recipient of the distribution.
 - **Step 3:** In issuing the self-billed e-Invoice, the taxpayer that makes the distribution will complete the required fields as outlined in Appendices 1 and 2 of the e-Invoice Guideline.

The process of issuing a self-billed e-Invoice by the taxpayer that makes the distribution shall follow the detailed e-Invoice workflow as discussed in Section 2.3 (e-Invoice model via Mylnvois Portal) and Section 2.4 (e-Invoice model via API) of the e-Invoice Guideline.

11.1.7 The information required to be included in the self-billed e-Invoice are as per the required data fields outlined in Appendices 1 and 2 of the e-Invoice Guideline. The following details would assist the taxpayer that makes the distribution in issuing the self-billed e-Invoice:

No	Data field	Details to be included by taxpayer that makes the distribution in	Additional Remarks
1	Supplier's Name	self-billed e-Invoice Name of Recipient	For business: Name of business For Malaysian individuals: Full name as per MyKad/ MyTentera
			For non-Malaysian individuals: Full name as per passport/ MyPR/ MyKAS
2	Supplier's TIN	TIN of Recipient	For Malaysian Businesses Taxpayer that makes the distribution to input Recipient's TIN and business registration number. Note that it is mandatory for Malaysian Businesses to provide TIN and business registration number. For Foreign Businesses Taxpayer that makes the distribution to input Recipient's TIN and business registration number, where available

3 Supplier's Details of Where TIN is not available or not Registration/ registration/ provided, taxpayer that makes Identification identification number/ the distribution to input Number/ "El00000000030" for Foreign passport number **Passport Number** Recipient Where business registration number is not available or not provided, taxpayer that makes the distribution to input "NA" for Foreign Recipient For Malaysian individuals i. Option 1: TIN only ii. Option 2: MyKad/ MyTentera identification number only iii. Option 3: Both TIN and MyKad/ MyTentera identification number For non-Malaysian individuals i. Option 1: TIN only ii. Option 2: Both TIN and passport number/ MyPR/ MyKAS identification number For clarity, (i) refers to the TIN assigned by IRBM. In the event that the non-Malaysian individual does not have a TIN, Supplier may use the general TIN (as listed in Appendix 1 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline),

along with the passport number/

No	Data field	Details to be included by taxpayer that makes the distribution in self-billed e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
			MyPR/ MyKAS identification number of the said individual
4	Supplier's Address	Address of Recipient	Taxpayer that makes the distribution to input business address (for business)/ residential address (for individual) of the Recipient
5	Supplier's Contact Number	Telephone number of Recipient	Taxpayer that makes the distribution to input the contact number of Recipient
6	Supplier's SST Registration Number	SST registration number of Recipient	Where applicable, taxpayer that makes the distribution to input Recipient's SST registration number Taxpayer that makes the distribution to input "NA" if such information is not applicable, not available or not provided
7	Classification	Classification of products or services	Taxpayer that makes the distribution to input a 3-digit integer (e.g., "000" to "999"), in accordance with the catalogue set by IRBM

No	Data field	Details to be included by taxpayer that makes the distribution in self-billed e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
8	e-Invoice Code/	Document reference	Reference number of the
	Number	number used by the	dividend voucher issued by the
		taxpayer that makes	taxpayer that makes the
		the distribution for	distribution
		internal tracking	
		purposes	

Table 11.1 – Details required to be input by the taxpayer that makes the distribution (Buyer) for issuance of self-billed e-Invoice to recipient (Supplier)

11.2 Foreign Profits/ Dividend

- 11.2.1 For any foreign profits/ dividend received in Malaysia, the recipient is required to issue an e-Invoice to document as a proof of income for tax purposes.
- 11.2.2 For the purposes of e-Invoice issuance, the roles of both parties would be as follows:

(a) Supplier: Profit/ Dividend Recipient

(b) Buyer: Foreign Distributor

- 11.2.3 The process of issuing an e-Invoice by the Profit/ Dividend Recipient shall follow the detailed e-Invoice workflow as discussed in Section 2.3 (e-Invoice model via MyInvois Portal) and Section 2.4 (e-Invoice model via API) of the e-Invoice Guideline.
- 11.2.4 Please refer to Section 12 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline for more details.

12.FOREIGN INCOME

- 12.1 An e-Invoice would be required for all foreign income received in Malaysia from outside Malaysia as a proof of income for tax purposes.
- 12.2 For the purposes of e-Invoice issuance, the roles of both parties would be as follows:
 - (a) Supplier: Recipient of the foreign Income (referred to as "Income Recipient" for ease of understanding in this section)
 - (b) Buyer: Person who makes payment to Income Recipient (referred to as "Payor" for ease of understanding in this section)
- 12.3 The process of issuing e-Invoice for foreign income is similar to the issuance of e-Invoice involving Malaysian Supplier and Foreign Buyer which has been discussed in Section 10.5 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline.
- 12.4 The Income Recipient should issue the e-Invoice latest by the end of the month following the month of receipt of the said foreign income.
- 12.5 The information required to be included in the e-Invoice are as per the required data fields outlined in Appendices 1 and 2 of the e-Invoice Guideline. The following details would assist the Income Recipient in issuing the e-Invoice:

No	Data field	Details to be included by Income Recipient in an e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
1	Buyer's Name	Name of Payor	For Business: Name of business For non-Malaysian individuals: Name as per passport/ MyPR/ MyKAS

No	Data field	Details to be included by Income Recipient in an e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
2	Buyer's TIN	TIN of Payor	Income Recipient to input the Payor's TIN, where available Where TIN is not available or not provided, Income Recipient to input "El00000000000" for Payor
3	Buyer's Registration/ Identification Number/ Passport Number	Details of registration/ identification number/ passport number	Where available, Income Recipient to input the registration/ passport number/ MyPR/ MyKAS identification number of Payor Income Recipient to input "NA" if business registration number is not available or not provided
4	Buyer's Address	Address of Payor	Income Recipient to input the business address (for business)/ residential address (for individual) of Payor
5	Buyer's Contact Number	Telephone number of Payor	Income Recipient to input the contact number of Payor

No	Data field	Details to be included by Income Recipient in an e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
6	Buyer's SST Registration Number	SST registration number of Payor	Where applicable, Income Recipient to input Payor's SST registration number Income Recipient to input "NA" if such information is not applicable, not available or not provided

Table 12.1 – Details required to be input by Income Recipient for issuance of an e-Invoice

13.CURRENCY EXCHANGE RATE

- 13.1 The currency exchange rate in the e-Invoice data field can be used for transactions conducted in foreign currencies [i.e., currency other than Ringgit Malaysia (RM)].
- 13.2 If required, the currency exchange rate shall be determined based on the following order:
 - Supplier shall comply with the legal or tax requirements on currency exchange rate as imposed by relevant authorities (e.g., Royal Malaysian Customs Department (RMCD), IRBM, etc.), where applicable.
 - 2. Where (1) above is not applicable (i.e., no legal or tax requirement on the currency exchange rate is applicable), Supplier may follow the currency exchange rate per their internal policy.
- 13.3 Supplier is required to provide currency exchange rate in the e-Invoice if the said e-Invoice is required to be converted into RM-equivalent.
- 13.4 For the purposes of self-billed e-Invoice for importation of goods, the Malaysian taxpayers may use their internal currency exchange rate.

14.E-COMMERCE TRANSACTIONS

- 14.1 E-commerce transaction means any sale or purchase of goods or services, conducted over any networks by methods specifically designed for the purpose of receiving or placing of orders. The goods or services are ordered by those methods, but the payment and the ultimate delivery of the goods or services do not have to be conducted online.
- 14.2 An e-commerce transaction can be between various parties, such as enterprises, households, individuals, governments, and other public or private organisations.
- 14.3 Figure 14.1 provides an overview of e-commerce transaction.

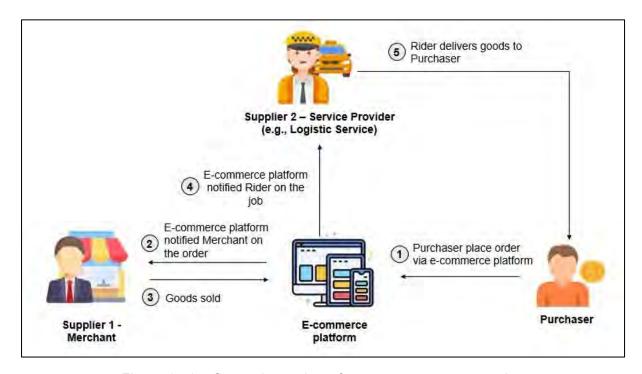


Figure 14.1 – General overview of an e-commerce transaction

14.4 Issuance of e-Invoice from e-commerce platform provider to Purchaser

- 14.4.1 Currently, e-commerce platform provider would issue an invoice/ bill/ receipt to the Purchaser to record the transaction concluded on the e-commerce platform e.g., sale of goods or provision of services.
- 14.4.2 Upon implementation of e-Invoice, e-commerce platform providers are responsible to assume the role of Supplier in facilitating the issuance of:
 - i. e-Invoice (upon Purchaser's request); or
 - ii. receipt (if no e-Invoice is requested by the Purchaser)

to the Purchaser for the transaction. Kindly note that the issuance of e-Invoice is for the purposes of complying with relevant tax legislation (e.g., Income Tax Act 1967, Labuan Business Activity Tax Act 1990, Petroleum (Income Tax) Act 1967) only and does not change the nature of transaction nor the commercial liability associated with the transaction.

- 14.4.3 Where the Purchaser does not require an e-Invoice, the e-commerce platform provider is allowed to aggregate transactions with Purchasers who do not require an e-Invoice (except certain activities/ transactions as mentioned in Table 3.4 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline where consolidated e-Invoice is not allowed) on a monthly basis and submit a consolidated e-Invoice to IRBM, within seven (7) calendar days after the month end.
- 14.4.4 For the purposes of e-Invoice issuance to Purchaser, the roles of both parties would be as follows:

(a) Supplier: e-commerce platform provider

(b) Buyer: Purchaser

- 14.4.5 In other words, the merchants and/or service providers are not required to issue e-Invoice or receipt to the Purchaser for the goods sold or services performed.
- 14.4.6 The information required to be included in the e-Invoice are as per the required data fields outlined in Appendices 1 and 2 of the e-Invoice Guideline. The following details would assist the e-commerce platform provider in issuing the e-Invoice:

No	Data field	Details to be included by e-commerce platform provider in an e-Invoice	Additional remarks
1	Buyer's Name	Name of Purchaser	For business: Name of business For Malaysian individuals: Full name as per MyKad/ MyTentera For non-Malaysian individuals: Full name as per passport/ MyPR/ MyKAS
2	Buyer's TIN	TIN of Purchaser	e-commerce platform provider to input Purchaser's TIN and business registration number. For Foreign Businesses e-commerce platform provider to input Purchaser's TIN and business registration number, where available Where TIN is not available or not provided, e-commerce platform

No	Data field	Details to be included by	Additional remarks
		e-commerce	
		platform provider in an e-Invoice	
3	Buyer's	Details of	provider to input "El00000000020"
	Registration/	registration/	for Foreign Businesses
	Identification	identification	
	Number/ Passport	number/ passport	Where business registration
	Number	number	number is not available or not
			provided, e-commerce platform provider to input " NA "
			provider to input. IA
			For Malaysian individuals
			i. Option 1: TIN only
			ii. Option 2: MyKad/ MyTentera
			identification number only
			iii. Option 3: Both TIN and MyKad/
			MyTentera identification number
			For non-Malaysian individuals
			i. Option 1: TIN only
			ii. Option 2: Both TIN and passport
			number/ MyPR/ MyKAS
			identification number
			For clarity, (i) refers to the TIN
			assigned by IRBM. In the event that
			the non-Malaysian individual does
			not have a TIN, Supplier may use
			the general TIN (as listed in
			Appendix 1 of this e-Invoice Specific
			Guideline), along with the passport/

No	Data field	Details to be included by	Additional remarks
		e-commerce	
		platform provider	
		in an e-Invoice	
			MyPR/ MyKAS identification number
			of the said individual.
4	Buyer's Address	Address of	e-commerce platform provider to
		Purchaser	input business address (for
			business)/ residential address
			(for individual) of the Purchaser
5	Buyer's Contact	Telephone number	e-commerce platform provider to
	Number	of Purchaser	input contact number of the
			Purchaser
6	Buyer's SST	SST registration	Where applicable, e-commerce
	Registration	number of	platform provider to input
	Number	Purchaser	Purchaser's SST registration
			number
			E-commerce platform provider to
			input " NA " if such information is not
			applicable, not available or not
			provided
	01 '5 ':	01	
7	Classification	Classification of	e-commerce platform provider to
		products or	input a 3-digit integer (e.g., "000" to
		services	"999"), in accordance with the
			catalogue set by IRBM

Table 14.1 – Details to be input by e-commerce platform provider for issuance of e-Invoice to Purchaser

- 14.4.7 In relation to the consolidated e-Invoice, e-commerce platform provider will be required to complete the required fields as outlined in Appendices 1 and 2 of the e-Invoice Guideline and complete the Purchaser's details and certain transaction details using the information provided in Table 3.3 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline.
- 14.4.8 The process of issuing an e-Invoice to the Purchaser is similar to the issuance of e-Invoice under Section 3.5 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline (for Purchaser who requires an e-Invoice) and Section 3.6 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline (for Purchaser who does not require an e-Invoice).

14.5 Issuance of self-billed e-Invoice by the e-commerce platform provider to Merchant and/or Service Provider

- 14.5.1 Upon concluding a sale or transaction on the e-commerce platform, the Merchant and/or Service Provider is eligible to receive payment from the e-commerce platform provider in respect of the goods sold and/or services performed.
- 14.5.2 Upon implementation of e-Invoice, e-commerce platform provider is required to issue self-billed e-Invoice to Merchant and/or Service Provider for all transactions concluded on the e-commerce platform.
- 14.5.3 For the purposes of self-billed e-Invoice issuance, the roles of both parties would be as follows:
 - (a) Supplier: Merchant and/or Service Provider
 - (b) Buyer: E-commerce platform provider (assumes the role of Supplier to issue a self-billed e-Invoice)
- 14.5.4 The process of issuing a self-billed e-Invoice is similar to the detailed e-Invoice workflow as provided under Section 2.3 and Section 2.4 of the e-Invoice Guideline.

- 14.5.5 E-commerce platform provider is allowed to create and submit self-billed e-Invoice for IRBM's validation in accordance with the current issuance frequency of issuing statements (e.g., daily, weekly, monthly, bi-monthly) to Merchant and/or Service Provider.
- 14.5.6 The information required to be included in the self-billed e-Invoice are as per the required data fields outlined in Appendices 1 and 2 of the e-Invoice Guideline. The following details would assist the e-commerce platform provider in issuing the self-billed e-Invoice:

No.	Data field	Details to be included by e-commerce platform provider in a self-billed e-Invoice	Additional remarks
1	Supplier's Name	Name of Merchant and/or Service Provider	For Business: Name of business For Malaysian individuals: Full name as per MyKad/ MyTentera For non-Malaysian individuals: Full name as per passport/ MyPR/ MyKAS

No.	Data field	Details to be included by e-commerce platform provider in a self-billed e-Invoice	Additional remarks
2	Supplier's TIN	TIN of Merchant and/or Service Provider	e-commerce platform provider to input Merchant and/or Service Provider's TIN and business registration number For Foreign Business Where available, e-commerce platform provider to input Merchant and/or Service Provider's TIN and business registration number Where TIN is not available or not provided, e-commerce platform provider to input "El00000000000" for Merchant and/or Service
3	Supplier's Registration/ Identification Number/ Passport Number	Details of registration/ identification number/ passport number	Provider Where business registration number is not available or not provided, e-commerce platform provider to input "NA" For Malaysian Individuals i. Option 1: TIN only ii. Option 2: MyKad/ MyTentera identification number only

No.	Data field	Details to be included by e-commerce platform provider in a self-billed e-Invoice	Additional remarks
			iii. Option 3: Both TIN and MyKad/ MyTentera identification number For non-Malaysian individuals i. Option 1: TIN only ii. Option 2: Both TIN and passport number/ MyPR/ MyKAS identification number For clarity, (i) refers to the TIN assigned by IRBM. In the event that the non-Malaysian individual does not have a TIN, Supplier may use the general TIN (as listed in Appendix 1 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline), along with the passport/ MyPR/ MyKAS identification number of the said individual.
4	Supplier's Address	Address of Merchant and/or Service Provider	e-commerce platform provider to input the business address (for business)/ residential address (for individual) of Merchant and/or Service Provider

No.	Data field	Details to be included by e-commerce platform provider in a self-billed e-Invoice	Additional remarks
5	Supplier's Contact Number	Telephone number of Merchant and/or Service Provider	e-commerce platform provider to input the contact number of Merchant and/or Service Provider
6	Supplier's SST Registration Number	SST registration number of Merchant and/or Service Provider	Where applicable, e-commerce platform provider to input Merchant and/or Service Provider's SST registration number Where Merchant and/or Service Provider is not registered for SST, e-commerce platform provider to input "NA"
7	Supplier's Malaysia Standard Industrial Classification (MSIC code)	MSIC code of Merchant and/or Service Provider	Where applicable, e-commerce platform provider to input Merchant and/or Service Provider's MSIC code e-commerce platform provider to input "00000" if such information is not applicable, not available or not provided

No.	Data field	Details to be included by e-commerce platform provider in a self-billed e-Invoice	Additional remarks
8	Classification	Classification of products or services	e-commerce platform provider to input a 3-digit integer (e.g., "000" to "999"), in accordance with the catalogue set by IRBM

Table 14.2 – Details required to be input by e-commerce platform provider for issuance of self-billed e-Invoice

14.6 Issuance of e-Invoice from e-commerce platform provider to Merchant and/or Service Provider

- 14.6.1 Generally, e-commerce platform provider will impose charges to Merchant and/or Service Provider for the use of platform.
- 14.6.2 Upon implementation of e-Invoice, the e-commerce platform provider is responsible to issue an e-Invoice for the charges imposed to Merchant and/or Service Provider for the use of platform.
- 14.6.3 For the purposes of e-Invoice issuance, the roles of the parties would be as follows:
 - (a) Supplier: e-commerce platform provider
 - (b) Buyer: Merchant and/or Service Provider
- 14.6.4 The process of issuing the e-Invoice by the e-commerce platform provider shall follow the detailed e-Invoice workflow as discussed in Section 2.3 (e-Invoice model via MyInvois Portal) and Section 2.4 (e-Invoice model via API) of the e-Invoice Guideline.

14.6.5 The information required to be included in the e-Invoice are as per the required data fields outlined in Appendices 1 and 2 of the e-Invoice Guideline. The following details would assist the e-commerce platform provider in issuing the e-Invoice:

No	Data field	Details to be included by e-commerce platform provider in an e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
1	Buyer's Name	Name of Merchant and/or Service Provider	For Business: Name of business For Malaysian individuals: Full name as per MyKad/ MyTentera For non-Malaysian individuals: Full name as per passport/ MyPR/ MyKAS
2	Buyer's TIN	TIN of Merchant and/or Service Provider	e-commerce platform provider to input Merchant and/or Service Provider's TIN For Foreign Business Where available, e-commerce platform provider to input Merchant and/or Service Provider's TIN Where TIN is not available or not provided, e-commerce platform provider to input "El00000000000" for Foreign Merchant and/or Service Provider

No	Data field	Details to be included by e-commerce platform provider in an e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
3	Buyer's Registration/ Identification Number/ Passport Number	Details of registration/ identification number/ passport number	i. Option 1: TIN only ii. Option 2: MyKad/ MyTentera identification number only iii. Option 3: Both TIN and MyKad/ MyTentera identification number For non-Malaysian individuals i. Option 1: TIN only ii. Option 2: Both TIN and passport number/ MyPR/ MyKAS identification number For clarity, (i) refers to the TIN assigned by IRBM. In the event that the non-Malaysian individual does not have a TIN, Supplier may use the general TIN (as listed in Appendix 1 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline), along with the passport/ MyPR/ MyKAS identification number of the said individual
4	Buyer's Address	Address of Merchant and/or Service Provider	E-commerce platform provider to input the business address (for business)/ residential address (for

No	Data field	Details to be included by e-commerce platform provider in an e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
			individual) of Merchant and/or Service Provider
5	Buyer's Contact Number	Telephone number of Merchant and/or Service Provider	E-commerce platform provider to input the contact number of Merchant and/or Service Provider
6	Buyer's SST Registration Number	SST registration number of Merchant and/or Service Provider	Where applicable, e-commerce platform provider to input Merchant and/or Service Provider's SST registration number Where Merchant and/or Service Provider is not registered for SST, e-commerce platform provider to input "NA"
7	Classification	Classification of products or services	e-commerce platform provider to input a 3-digit integer (e.g., "000" to "999"), in accordance with the catalogue set by IRBM

Table 14.3 – Details required to be input by e-commerce platform provider for issuance of an e-Invoice

15.CYBERSECURITY

LHDNM will ensure that MyInvois System complies and certified with ISO/IEC 27001 Information Security Management System (ISMS) and ISO 22301 Business Continuity Management System BCMS Audit Certification.

APPENDIX 1 – LIST OF GENERAL TIN

No	General TIN	Applicable to the following transaction
1	"El00000000010" as General Public's TIN	 i. Individual's (i.e., Supplier, Buyer, Shipping Recipient) TIN in the e-Invoice for Malaysian individual where the individual only provides MyKad / MyTentera identification number ii. Buyer's TIN in the consolidated e-Invoice
2	"El0000000000" as Foreign Buyer's TIN	 i. Buyer's TIN in the e-Invoice for non-Malaysian individual where the individual buyer only provides passport number/ MyPR/ MyKAS identification number ii. Buyer's TIN for export transactions where foreign buyer's TIN is not available or not provided
3	"El00000000030" as Foreign Supplier's TIN	 i. Supplier's TIN in the e-Invoice for non-Malaysian individual where the individual supplier only provides passport number/ MyPR/ MyKAS identification number (applicable for self-billed e-Invoice) ii. Supplier's TIN for import transactions where foreign supplier's TIN is not available or not
4	" El00000000000 " as Buyer's TIN	provided (applicable for self-billed e-Invoice) Buyer's TIN for transactions involving the following persons: Government State government and state authority Government authority Local authority Statutory authority and statutory body Exempt institutions that are not assigned with TIN

APPENDIX 2 – BUYER'S DETAILS IN CONSOLIDATED E-INVOICE

No	Data field	Details to be input by Supplier in e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
1	Buyer's Name	Name of Buyer	Supplier to input "General Public" in the e-Invoice
2	Buyer's TIN	TIN of Buyer	Supplier to input "El000000000010" in the e-Invoice
3	Buyer's Registration/ Identification Number/ Passport Number	Details of registration/ identification number/ passport number	Supplier to input " NA "
4	Buyer's Address	Address of Buyer	Supplier to input "NA"
5	Buyer's Contact Number	Telephone number of Buyer	Supplier to input "NA"
6	Buyer's SST Registration Number	SST registration number of Buyer	Supplier to input " NA "

No	Data field	Details to be input by Supplier in e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
7	Description of Product/ Services	Details of products or services being billed for a transaction with consumers	IRBM allows the Suppliers to adopt one (or a combination) of the following methods: (a) Summary of each receipt is presented as separate line items
			(b) List of receipts (in a continuous receipt number) is presented as line items (i.e., where there is a break of the receipt number chain, the next chain shall be included as a new line item)
			(c) Branch(es) or location(s) will submit consolidated e-Invoice, adopting either (a) or (b) above for the receipts issued by the said branch(es) or location(s)
			Note that for any method adopted by businesses, the receipt reference number for each transaction are required to be included under this field in the consolidated e-Invoice

Appendix Table 2 - Buyer's details in consolidated e-Invoice

APPENDIX 3 – PARTIES OF SELF-BILLED E-INVOICE

For the purposes of self-billed e-Invoice, the parties of the e-Invoice are as follows:

No	Transaction	Supplier	Buyer
			(assumes the role of
			Supplier and issue
			self-billed e-Invoice)
1	Payment to agents,	Agents, dealers,	Taxpayer that makes
	dealers, distributors, etc.	distributors, etc.	the payment
2	Goods sold or services	Foreign Seller	Malaysian Purchaser
	rendered by foreign		
	suppliers		
3	Profit distribution (e.g.,	Recipient of the	Taxpayer that makes
	dividend distribution)	distribution	the distribution
4	e-Commerce	Merchant, service	e-Commerce/
		providers	Intermediary platform
		(e.g., driver, rider)	
5	Pay-out to all betting and	Recipient of the pay-	Licensed betting and
	gaming winners	out	gaming provider
6	Acquisition of goods or	Individual taxpayer	Person acquiring goods
	services from individual	providing goods or	or services
		services	or services
	taxpayers who are not conducting a business	201 AICE2	
	conducting a pusiness		
7	Interest payment	Recipient of interest	Taxpayer that makes
		payment	the interest payment

Appendix Table 3 – Parties of self-billed e-Invoice

APPENDIX 4 – BUYER'S DETAILS FOR TRANSACTION WITH INDIVIDUALS

No	Data field	Details to be input	Additional Remarks
		by Supplier in e-Invoice	
1	Buyer's Name	Name of individual Buyer	For Malaysian individuals: Full name as per MyKad/ MyTentera
			For non-Malaysian individuals: Full name as per passport/ MyPR/ MyKAS
2	Buyer's TIN	TIN of individual Buyer	i. Option 1: TIN only ii. Option 2: MyKad/ MyTentera identification number only iii. Option 3: Both TIN and MyKad/ MyTentera identification number
3	Buyer's Registration/ Identification Number/ Passport Number	Details of registration/ identification number/ passport number	i. Option 1: TIN only ii. Option 2: Both TIN and passport number/ MyPR/ MyKAS identification number For clarity, (i) refers to the TIN assigned by IRBM. In the event that the non- Malaysian individual does not have a TIN, Supplier may use the general TIN (as listed in Appendix 1 of this e-Invoice Specific Guideline), along with the passport number/ MyPR/ MyKAS identification number of the said individual.

No	Data field	Details to be input by Supplier in e-Invoice	Additional Remarks
4	Buyer's	Address of	Individual Buyer is required to provide
	Address	individual Buyer	residential address
5	Buyer's	Telephone number	Individual Buyer is required to provide
	Contact	of individual Buyer	a contact number
	Number		
6	Buyer's SST	SST registration	Where applicable, Supplier to input
	Registration	number of	SST registration number
	Number	individual Buyer	If individual Buyer is not registered for SST, Supplier to input " NA "

Appendix Table 4 - Buyer's details for transaction with individuals